

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services  
Administration**

**Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnerships for Success  
(SPF-PFS)**

(Initial Announcement)

**Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) No. SP-18-008**

Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) No.: 93.243

**Key Dates:**

<b>Application Deadline</b>	<b>Applications are due by July 6, 2018.</b>
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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) is accepting applications for fiscal year (FY) 2018 Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnerships for Success grants. The purpose of this grant program is to address one of the nation's top substance abuse prevention priorities; underage drinking among persons aged 9 to 20. At their discretion, states/tribes may also use grant funds to target up to two additional, data-driven substance abuse prevention priorities, such as the use of marijuana, cocaine, or methamphetamine, etc. by individuals ages 9 and above. SPF-PFS is designed to ensure that prevention strategies and messages reach the populations most impacted by substance abuse. The program extends current established cross-agency and community-level partnerships by connecting substance abuse prevention programming to departments of social services and their community service providers. This includes working with populations disproportionately impacted by the consequences of substance use; i.e., children entering the foster care system, transitional youth, and individuals that support persons with substance abuse issues (women, families, parents, caregivers, and young adults).

The SPF-PFS grant program is intended to prevent the onset and reduce the progression of substance abuse and its related problems while strengthening prevention capacity and infrastructure at the state, tribal, and community levels.

<b>Funding Opportunity Title:</b>	Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnerships for Success (Short Title: SPF-PFS)
<b>Funding Opportunity Number:</b>	SP-18-008
<b>Due Date for Applications:</b>	July 6, 2018
<b>Anticipated Total Available Funding:</b>	Up to \$46,000,000
<b>Estimated Number of Awards:</b>	34 (At least five awards will be made to tribes/tribal organizations).
<b>Estimated Award Amount:</b>	Up to \$500,000 – \$2,260,000 per year
<b>Cost Sharing/Match Required</b>	No
<b>Anticipated Project Start Date:</b>	9/30/2018
<b>Length of Project Period:</b>	Up to five years

<b>Eligible Applicants:</b>	<p>States/Territories not currently receiving funds through SAMHSA's SPF-PFS grants. All eligible SPF-PFS and SPF-SIG recipients that are in a No Cost Extension may still apply for this grant.</p> <p>American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) tribes, tribal organizations, consortia of tribes or tribal organizations, or Urban Indian Organizations.</p> <p><b>[See Section II, Table 2 for eligible applicants and their award amounts.]</b></p> <p>[See <a href="#">Section III-1</a> for complete eligibility information.]</p>
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**Be sure to check the SAMHSA website periodically for any updates on this program.**

**IMPORTANT APPLICATION INFORMATION:** SAMHSA's application procedures have changed. **All applicants must register with NIH's eRA Commons in order to submit an application. This process takes up to six weeks. If you believe you are interested in applying for this opportunity, you MUST start the registration process immediately. Do not wait to start this process. If your organization is not registered and you do not have an active eRA Commons PI account by the deadline, the application will not be accepted. No exceptions will be made.**

Applicants also must register with the System for Award Management (SAM) and Grants.gov (see Appendix A for all registration requirements).

## **I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

### **1. PURPOSE**

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), Center for Substance Abuse Prevention (CSAP) is accepting applications for fiscal year (FY) 2018 Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnerships for Success grants. The purpose of this grant program is to address one of the nation's top substance abuse prevention priorities; underage drinking among persons aged 9 to 20. At their discretion, states/tribes may also use grant funds to target up to two additional, data-driven substance abuse prevention priorities, such as the use of marijuana, cocaine, or methamphetamine, etc. by individuals ages 9 and above. SPF-PFS is designed to ensure that prevention strategies and messages reach the populations most impacted by substance abuse. The program extends current established cross-agency and community-level partnerships by connecting substance abuse prevention programming to departments of social services and their community service providers. This includes working with populations disproportionately impacted by the consequences of substance use; i.e., children entering the foster care system, transitional youth, and individuals that support persons with substance abuse issues (women, families, parents, caregivers, and young adults).

The SPF-PFS grant program is intended to prevent the onset and reduce the progression of substance abuse and its related problems while strengthening prevention capacity and infrastructure at the state, tribal, and community levels.

These awards provide an opportunity for federally recognized American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) tribes, tribal organizations, Urban Indian Organizations, or consortia of tribes or tribal organizations as well as states to acquire additional resources to implement the SPF process at the state/tribal and community levels. The SPF-PFS grant program builds upon the experience and established SPF-based prevention infrastructure of states/tribes to address one of the nation's top substance abuse

prevention priorities; underage drinking among persons aged 9 to 20 in communities of high need. (See Section I-2 for SAMHSA's requirements for selecting communities of high need.) The grant program is based on the premise that changes at the community level will, over time, lead to measurable changes at the state/tribal level. By working collaboratively, states/tribes and their SPF-PFS funded communities of high need can more effectively begin to overcome the challenges underlying their substance abuse prevention priorities and achieve the goals of the SPF-PFS grant program.

Additionally, the SPF-PFS grant program seeks to address behavioral health disparities among racial and ethnic minorities and other populations by encouraging the implementation of strategies to decrease the differences in access, service use, and outcomes among the populations served. (See [Appendix G](#) – Addressing Behavioral Health Disparities.)

Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnerships for Success grants are authorized under Section 516 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended. This announcement addresses Healthy People 2020 Substance Abuse Topic Area HP 2020-SA.

## 2. EXPECTATIONS

To meet the goals of the SPF-PFS grant program, SAMHSA expects recipients to use the SPF process at both the state/tribal and community levels:

<https://www.samhsa.gov/capt/applying-strategic-prevention-framework>. The SPF represents a five-step, data-driven process used to: assess needs (Step 1); build capacity (Step 2); engage in a strategic planning process (Step 3); implement a comprehensive, evidence-based prevention approach (Step 4); and, evaluate implementation and related outcomes (Step 5). The guiding principles of cultural competence and sustainability are included in each of the five steps. The use of the SPF process is critical to ensuring that states/tribes and their communities work together to use data-driven decision-making processes to develop effective prevention strategies and sustainable prevention infrastructures. States/tribes must use a data-driven approach that outlines the need to address underage drinking among persons aged 9 to 20 and the additional identified substance abuse priority(ies) they may propose to address using SPF-PFS funds. **States/tribes must use SPF-PFS funds to address underage drinking. At their discretion, states/tribes may also use SPF-PFS funds to target up to two (2) additional, data-driven prevention priorities, such as marijuana, cocaine, or methamphetamine, etc.**

If applicants also decide to use grant funds to address the misuse of prescription drugs or opioids, they are encouraged to use SAMHSA's *Opioid Overdose Prevention Toolkit: Facts for Community Members* to educate members of your community(ies) about opioid use and opioid-related overdoses and death:

<http://store.samhsa.gov/product/Opioid-Overdose-Prevention-Toolkit/SMA13-4742>. The *Opioid Overdose Prevention Toolkit* educates community members, first responders, opioid prescribers, patients, family members, and overdose survivors on ways to prevent and intervene in an opioid overdose situation.

States/tribes must utilize a data-driven approach to identify communities of high need and population (sub-recipients) that ensures all funded communities will receive ongoing guidance and support from the state/tribe, including technical assistance (TA) and training, for the duration of the SPF-PFS project. Applicants must work with their **State/Tribal Epidemiological Outcome Workgroup (SEOW)** to identify their selected sub-recipient communities, document their identified needs and prevention priority(ies), and identify why these communities were selected over other high-need communities in the state/tribe in Section A of the Project Narrative.

Applicants should also develop a strategic plan to ensure that populations are reached and that state/tribal and community partnerships are formalized. This includes assessment, monitoring, and analysis of the program to meet the desired outcomes.

### Requirements for Selecting Communities of High Need

In identifying and selecting communities of high need to be funded with SPF-PFS funds, states/tribes, in conjunction with their SEOWs, must be able to describe:

- A specific geographically defined area; or
- A specifically defined population based on a culture, federally recognized tribe, ethnicity, language, occupation, gender, or other specifically described identity, within a specific geographic area; or
- A specific population defined by a school, military base, campus, or other institutional setting;

In addition, the selected communities of high need must be:

- where the population described has or is at risk of having a higher than average prevalence rate of underage drinking or a higher than average prevalence rate of the additional, data-driven prevention priority the state/tribe is proposing to address, if any;

AND

- where the population or area has limited resources or has had fewer opportunities or less success in identifying and bringing to bear resources to address the identified priority(ies).

Recipients must use \$150,000 (states) or \$50,000 (tribes/territories) per year from the total annual awards for SEOW activities. No more than 20 percent of the remaining annual grant award may be used each year by recipients or sub-recipients for data collection, performance measurement, and performance assessment, i.e., activities required in Sections I-2.2 and 2.3 . Recipients are responsible for ensuring that their sub-recipient communities follow these guidelines.



## **Key Personnel:**

Key personnel are staff members who must be part of the project regardless of whether or not they receive a salary or compensation from the project. These staff members must make a substantial contribution to the execution of the project.

**The key staff for this grant program will be the Project Director, the Lead Evaluator, the Lead Epidemiologist, and the State/Tribal Epidemiological Outcome Workgroup (SEOW) Lead Analyst. These positions require prior approval by SAMHSA after review of credentials of staff and job descriptions.**

## **Required Activities**

SPF-PFS grant funds must be used primarily to support infrastructure development, including the following types of activities:

- Use the SPF to identify and select comprehensive, data-driven substance abuse prevention strategies to continue to accomplish the following goals:
  - 1) preventing the onset and reduce the progression of substance abuse;
  - 2) reducing substance abuse-related problems;
  - 3) strengthening prevention capacity/infrastructure at the state, tribal, and community levels;
  - 4) leveraging state/tribal-wide funding streams and resources for prevention;
  - 5) implementing a comprehensive prevention approach, including a mix of evidence-based programs, policies, and/or practices that best address the selected prevention priority(ies); and
  - 6) identifying TA and training needs and the development of responsive activities.
- Build capacity in communities of high need to address underage drinking among persons aged 9 to 20 and up to two additional, data-driven substance abuse prevention priorities (marijuana, cocaine, methamphetamine, etc.) in the state/tribe.
- Collect and report annual state/tribal and community-level data to determine progress toward addressing SPF-PFS prevention priority(ies). Recipients must include in their data collection and reporting activities the following tasks related to their current or developing SEOW efforts: 1) continue to support SEOWs as they collaborate with agencies, organizations, and individuals to use data, skills, and/or decision-making authority in guiding and promoting positive behavioral health; and 2) preserve what works, including developing capacities for

sustaining the SEOW, developing useful products, disseminating such information to key decision makers, and continuously evaluating data and systems for effectiveness.

- Recipients whose state or tribal entity includes SAMHSA Tribal Behavioral Health and/or State-Sponsored Youth Suicide Prevention and Early Intervention must collaborate and coordinate, as appropriate, with local level prevention and clinical service providers trained to assess, manage, and treat youth at risk for suicide. These providers include those working in healthcare and behavioral healthcare. This type of collaborative approach will help ensure that substance abuse prevention and suicide prevention efforts are more closely aligned and better coordinated.

### **Allowable Activities:**

SAMHSA's SPF-PFS grants may also support the following types of activities:

- Coordinate to identify entities serving the selected communities and populations of high need, such as substance abuse treatment providers, emergency medical services agencies, departments of justice, child protective agencies, mental health agencies and organizations serving at risk youth, pregnant and parenting women, and senior/aging populations.
- Adopt and/or enhance their computer system, data infrastructure/management information systems (MIS) and related activities. States/tribes that choose to support these activities using SPF-PFS funds may utilize SEOW funding and/or funds from the maximum 15/30 percent of remaining SPF-PFS funds set aside for state/tribal level administrative costs, respectively.
- Recipients may use 15 percent (states) or 20 percent (tribes) for administrative/infrastructure development costs.
  - Recipients may use up to \$25,000 of these funds for Technical Assistance for the primary recipient. If funds are not needed for TA, funds may be used for other allowable activities in the grant.

### **Other Expectations:**

If your application is funded, you will be expected to develop a behavioral health disparities impact statement no later than 60 days after your award (See [Appendix G](#), Addressing Behavioral Health Disparities).

SAMHSA, working with tribes, the Indian Health Service, and National Indian Health Board developed the first collaborative National Tribal Behavioral Health Agenda (TBHA). Tribal applicants are encouraged to briefly cite the applicable TBHA foundational element(s), priority(ies), and strategies that are addressed by their grant application. The TBHA can be accessed at <http://nihb.org/docs/12052016/FINAL%20TBHA%2012-4-16.pdf>.

## 2.1 Using Evidence-Based Practices

Recipients are expected to use the successful prevention systems and structures put in place through their completed SPF-SIG grants. All recipients must therefore use a SPF-based, comprehensive prevention approach, including a mix of evidence-based programs, policies, and practices, that best address their selected prevention priority(ies) at the state, tribal, and community levels. An evidence-based practice (EBP) refers to approaches to prevention or treatment that are validated by some form of documented research evidence. Both researchers and practitioners recognize that EBPs are essential to improving the effectiveness of treatment and prevention services in the behavioral health field. For further guidance on evidence-based approaches, see <http://store.samhsa.gov/product/SMA09-4205> and [SAMHSA's Evidence-Based Practices Resource Center](#). Applicants are also encouraged to review visit the National Institute of Health website (NIDA or NIAA) for more information on EBPs.

## 2.2 Data Collection and Performance Measurement

All SAMHSA recipients are required to collect and report certain data so that SAMHSA can meet its obligations under the Government Performance and Results (GPRA) Modernization Act of 2010. You must document your plan for data collection and reporting in Section D: Data Collection and Performance Measurement.

The required performance measures collected on an annual basis include, but are not limited to, the following:

- The number of sub-recipient communities that improved on one or more targeted outcome indicators; and
- The percentage of sub-recipient communities that have increased the number and percent of evidence-based programs, policies, and/or practices.

In addition to the annual outcomes above, recipients will be required to submit their semiannual progress reports in the Division of State Programs-Management Reporting Tool (DSP-MRT) via SAMHSA's Performance Assessment and Reporting System (SPARS). This is the same report used for the current PFS program. The link to the DSP MRT can be found here: <https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/gpra-measurement-tools/csap-gpra>

A sample of SPF-PFS funded communities will be selected to participate in a cross-site evaluation. The purpose of the cross-site evaluation is to assess the feasibility of standardized data collection at the community-level that can be used to show impact of the SPF-PFS grant program. More information regarding the cross-site will be available at the start of the grant program.

## 2.3 Project Performance Assessment

Recipients must periodically review the performance data they report to SAMHSA (as required above), assess their progress, and use this information to improve management of their grant project. Recipients are also required to report on their progress addressing the goals and objectives identified in Section V, 1. Section B.1. The assessment should be designed to help you determine whether you are achieving the goals, objectives, and outcomes you intend to achieve and whether adjustments need to be made to your project. Performance assessments should also be used to determine whether your project is having/will have the intended impact on behavioral health disparities. Recipients will be required to report on progress achieved, barriers encountered, and efforts to overcome these barriers in a recipient project evaluation at the end of the grant period and in quarterly progress reports. The GPO will review and provide feedback on quarterly reports.

SPF-PFS information will be gathered using SAMHSA's Performance Accountability and Reporting System (SPARS). Access to SPARS will be provided upon award. Recipients are required to report process data and outcome data through SAMHSA's online reporting platform as follows: progress report data (i.e., recipient-specific process data) must be updated quarterly; community level process data must be updated semi-annually (in May and November); outcome data at the recipient and community levels must be updated annually, unless otherwise instructed.

Since the SPF-PFS is based on the premise that changes at the community-level will, over time, lead to measurable changes at the state/jurisdiction/tribal level, recipients are responsible for ensuring that their sub-recipient communities have the capacity to collect the appropriate data and report on both process and outcome measures in accordance with federal reporting requirements. SAMHSA will offer TA to recipients, as necessary, to address challenges experienced with data collection and performance measure reporting.

The collection of these data will enable SAMHSA to report on key outcome measures relating to substance use. In addition, data collected by recipients will be used to demonstrate how SAMHSA's grant programs are reducing behavioral health disparities nationwide.

Performance data will be reported to the public as part of SAMHSA's Congressional Justification.

**Note:** See [Appendix E](#) for more information on responding to Sections I-2.2 and 2.3.

## 2.4 Grantee Meetings

SAMHSA/CSAP may elect to convene one grantee meeting after awards are made. Recipients must plan to send at least two key staff (including the Project Director and

either the Lead Evaluator or the Lead Epidemiologist) to at least one grantee meeting in each year of the grant, including the technical assistance meeting. You must include a detailed budget and narrative for this travel in your application budget. At the technical assistance meeting, states/tribes will share the details of their projects and federal staff will provide TA. The meeting is held in the Washington, D.C., area.

## II. FEDERAL AWARD INFORMATION

**Funding Mechanism:** Grant

**Anticipated Total Available Funding:** \$46,000,000

**Estimated Number of Awards:** 34 (At least five awards will be made to tribes/tribal organizations)

**Estimated Award Amount:** Up to \$500,000 - \$2,260,000

**Length of Project Period:** Up to 5 years

**Proposed budgets cannot exceed \$500,000 – \$2,260,000 in total costs (direct and indirect) in any year of the proposed project.** Funding estimates for this announcement are based on the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2018. Annual continuation awards will depend on the availability of funds, recipient progress in meeting project goals and objectives, timely submission of required data and reports, and compliance with all terms and conditions of award.

The table below identifies the award tiers, the award amounts, and the states and tribal entities eligible to apply for each tier.

### Award Tiers for Eligible SPF-PFS 2018 Applicants

Award Tier	Maximum Award Amount	Eligible Applicants
Tier I	\$500,000	Federally recognized American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) tribes, tribal organizations, Urban Indian Organizations, or consortia of tribes or tribal organizations/Territories

Tier II	\$2,260,000	Idaho	Nebraska
		North Carolina	Utah
		Arizona	Arkansas
		Hawaii	Pennsylvania
		West Virginia	
		Louisiana	Montana
		Nevada	New Jersey
		Rhode Island	Washington

### III. ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

#### 1. ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS

Eligibility is limited to 1) federally recognized American Indian/Alaska Native (AI/AN) tribes, tribal organizations, Urban Indian Organizations, or consortia of tribes or tribal organizations and 2) states/territories that are not currently receiving funds through SAMHSA’s SPF-PFS grant. SAMHSA is limiting eligibility to these entities because they have the requisite experience and background critical to the success of the SPF-PFS program: 1) an established state/territorial/tribal infrastructure and system in place—rooted in both the SABG and the SPF prevention model—that allows them to quickly build capacity in communities of need, mobilize those communities, and ensure accurate data collection and reporting at the community level; 2) integration of the SPF-based process into their overall state and tribal prevention systems, ensuring a strong, data-driven focus on identifying, selecting, and implementing effective, evidence-based prevention programs, policies, and practices; 3) experience in working collaboratively with communities to achieve substance abuse prevention goals; 4) familiarity and experience with the alignment of behavioral health with primary prevention; and 5) a history of building comprehensive, state- and tribal-level prevention systems over time. Current SPF-PFS and SPF-SIG recipients (with the exception of eligible SPF-PFS and SPF-SIG recipients that are in a No Cost Extension) are excluded from applying for the SPF-PFS grant because they already have the resources in place to support the SPF infrastructure and address their areas of highest need. **All eligible SPF-PFS recipients that are in a No Cost Extension may still apply for this grant. See Section II, Table 2 for eligible applicants and their award amounts.**

#### 2. COST SHARING and MATCH REQUIREMENTS

Cost sharing/match is not required in this program.

## IV. APPLICATION AND SUBMISSION INFORMATION

### 1. REQUIRED APPLICATION COMPONENTS:

- **Budget Information SF-424** – Fill out all Sections of the SF-424. In **Line #4** (i.e., Applicant Identified), input the Commons Username of the PD/PI. In **Line #17** input the following information: (Proposed Project Date: a. Start Date: 9/30/2018; b. End Date: 9/29/2023).

**Budget Information Form** – Use **SF-424A**. Fill out all Sections of the SF-424A.

- **Section A** – Budget Summary: Use the first row only (Line 1) to report the total federal funds (e) and non-federal funds (f) requested for the **first year** of your project only.
- **Section B** – Budget Categories: Use the first column only (Column 1) to report the budget category breakouts (Lines 6a through 6h) and indirect charges (Line 6j) for the total funding requested for the **first year** of your project only.
- **Section C** – Leave blank if cost sharing/match is not required for this program. Complete if cost sharing/match is required.
- **Section D** – Forecasted Cash Needs: Input the total funds requested, broken down by quarter, only for Year 1 of the project period. Use the first row for federal funds and the second row for non-federal funds.
- **Section E** – Budget Estimates of Federal Funds Needed for Balance of the Project: Input the total funds requested for the out years (e.g., Year 2, Year 3, Year 4 and Year 5). For example, if you are requesting funding for four years in total, you would input information in columns b, c, d, and e (i.e., 4 out years).

A sample budget and justification is included in [Appendix J](#) of this document. **It is highly recommended that you use this sample budget format. This will expedite review of your application**

- **Project Narrative and Supporting Documentation** – The Project Narrative describes your project. It consists of Sections A through D. Sections A-D together may not be longer than **10 pages**. (Remember that if your Project Narrative starts on page 5 and ends on page 15, it is 11 pages long, not 10 pages.) More detailed instructions for completing each section of the Project Narrative are provided in [Section V](#) – Application Review Information.

The Supporting Documentation provides additional information necessary for the review of your application. This supporting documentation must be attached to your application using the Other Attachments Form from the Grants.gov application package. Additional instructions for completing these

sections and page limitations for Biographical Sketches/Position Descriptions are included in [Appendix A: 3.1](#) Required Application Components, and [Appendix F](#), Biographical Sketches and Position Descriptions. Supporting documentation should be submitted in black and white (no color).

- **Budget Justification and Narrative** – The budget justification and narrative must be submitted as file BNF when you submit your application into Grants.gov. ([See Appendix A: 3.1](#) Required Application Components)
- **Attachments 1 through 3** – Use only the attachments listed below. If your application includes any attachments not required in this document, they will be disregarded. Do not use more than a total of 30 pages for Attachments 1 and 3 combined. There are no page limitations for Attachment 2. Do not use attachments to extend or replace any of the sections of the Project Narrative. Reviewers will not consider them if you do. Label the attachments as: Attachment 1, Attachment 2, etc. Use the Other Attachments Form from Grants.gov to upload the attachments.
  - **Attachment 1:** Letters of Commitment from any organization(s) participating in the proposed project. **(Do not include any letters of support. Reviewers will not consider them if you do.)**
  - **Attachment 2:** Data Collection Instruments/Interview Protocols – if you are using standardized data collection instruments/interview protocols, you do not need to include these in your application. Instead, provide a web link to the appropriate instrument/protocol. If the data collection instrument(s) or interview protocol(s) is/are not standardized, you must include a copy in Attachment 2.
  - **Attachment 3:** Sample Consent Forms

## 2. APPLICATION SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

Applications are due by **11:59 PM** (Eastern Time) on **July 6, 2018**

**IMPORTANT APPLICATION INFORMATION:** SAMHSA's application procedures have changed. **All applicants must register with NIH's eRA Commons in order to submit an application. This process takes up to six weeks. If you believe you are interested in applying for this opportunity, you MUST start the registration process immediately. Do not wait to start this process. If your organization is not registered and you do not have an active eRA Commons PI account by the deadline, the application will not be accepted. No exceptions will be made.**

Applicants also must register with the System for Award Management (SAM) and Grants.gov (see Appendix A for all registration requirements).



### 3. FUNDING LIMITATIONS/RESTRICTIONS

SPF-PFS states must use at least \$150,000 per year of their total annual awards to support their current SEOW efforts or to develop new SEOW efforts. SPF-PFS tribal entities/territories must use at least \$50,000 per year of their total annual awards to support their current SEOW efforts or to develop new SEOW efforts. [Note: SEOW funds are not intended to replace allocating funds for comprehensive state/tribal evaluations and SAMHSA's Cross Site Evaluation.]

- No more than 20 percent of the remaining grant award may be used for data collection, performance measurement, and performance assessment expenses.
- **State Recipients** may use up to 15 percent of their remaining funds for state level administrative costs and state-level performance activities, including building capacity or providing training and TA at the state level to fill gaps in their current prevention infrastructure and systems.
- **Tribal/Territorial Recipients** may use up to 20 percent of their remaining funds for tribal/territorial level administrative costs and performance activities, including building capacity or providing training and TA at the tribal/territorial level to fill gaps in their current prevention infrastructure and systems.
- Remaining funds for tribal, territorial, and state recipients **must** fund sub-recipient communities that demonstrate a need for prevention programming in their selected prevention priority(ies).
- Naloxone may not be purchased with SPF-PFS funds.
- Recipients must coordinate activities with other funding sources such as other SAMHSA programs, HRSA and CDC to avoid duplication of efforts.
- Recipients must use funding to supplement and not supplant existing prevention activities in their state/tribe.

Be sure to identify these expenses in your proposed budget.

**SAMHSA recipients must also comply with SAMHSA's standard funding restrictions, which are included in [Appendix H](#), Standard Funding Restrictions.**

## V. APPLICATION REVIEW INFORMATION

### 1. EVALUATION CRITERIA

The Project Narrative describes what you intend to do with your project and includes the Evaluation Criteria in Sections A-D below. Your application will be reviewed and scored according to the quality of your response to the requirements in Sections A-D.

- In developing the Project Narrative section of your application, use these instructions, which have been tailored to this program.
- The Project Narrative (Sections A-D) together may be no longer than **10 pages**.
- You must use the four sections/headings listed below in developing your Project Narrative. **You must indicate the Section letter and number in your response, i.e., type “A-1”, “A-2”, etc., before your response to each question.** You may not combine two or more questions or refer to another section of the Project Narrative in your response, such as indicating that the response for B.2 is in C.7. **Only information included in the appropriate numbered question will be considered by reviewers.** Your application will be scored according to how well you address the requirements for each section of the Project Narrative.
- The number of points after each heading is the maximum number of points a review committee may assign to that section of your Project Narrative. Although scoring weights are not assigned to individual bullets, each bullet is assessed in deriving the overall Section score.

**Section A: Statement of Need (15 points – approximately 2 pages)**

1. Identify the proposed sub-recipient communities where the project will be implemented and the population(s) that will be impacted by the infrastructure development in the targeted systems or agencies. Discuss why these communities were selected over other high-need communities in the state/tribe.
2. Document the need for an enhanced infrastructure to increase the capacity to implement, sustain, and improve effective substance abuse prevention services in the proposed catchment area that is consistent with the purpose of the FOA. Identify any substances other than alcohol that you will address in the project. Include information on the service gaps and other problems related to the need for infrastructure development. Identify the source of the data.

**Section B: Proposed Approach (35 points – approximately 5 pages)**

1. Describe the goals and measurable objectives (see [Appendix D](#)) of your proposed project and align them with the Statement of Need outlined in Section A.2.
2. Describe how you will implement the Required Activities as stated in Section I.2.
3. Provide a chart or graph depicting a realistic time line for the entire **5** years of the project period, showing dates, key activities, and responsible staff. These key activities should include the requirements outlined in [Section I-2: Expectations](#).

[Note: The timeline should be part of the Project Narrative. It should not be placed in an attachment.]

**Section C: Staff, Management, and Relevant Experience (20 points – approximately 1 page)**

1. Describe the experience of your organization with similar projects and providing services to the population(s) of focus for this FOA. Identify any other organization(s) that will partner in the proposed project.
2. Provide a complete list of staff positions for the project, including the Key Personnel (Project Director, Lead Evaluator, Lead Epidemiologist, and State/Tribal Epidemiological Outcome Workgroup (SEOW) Lead Analyst) and other significant staff members. Describe the role of each, their level of effort, and qualifications, including their experience providing services to the population (s) of focus and familiarity with their culture(s) and language(s).

**Section D: Data Collection and Performance Assessment (30 points – approximately 2 pages)**

1. Provide specific information about your how you will collect the required data for this program and how such data will be utilized to manage, monitor, and enhance the program.

**Budget Justification, Existing Resources, Other Support (other federal and non-federal sources)**

You must provide a narrative justification for the items included in your proposed budget, as well as a description of existing resources and other support you expect to receive for the proposed project. Other support is defined as funds or resources, whether federal, non-federal, or institutional, in direct support of activities through fellowships, gifts, prizes, in-kind contributions, or non-federal means. (This should correspond to Item #18 on your SF-424, Estimated Funding.) Other sources of funds may be used for unallowable costs, e.g., meals, sporting events, entertainment.

An illustration of a budget and narrative justification is included in [Appendix J – Sample Budget and Justification](#). **It is highly recommended that you use the sample budget format.** Your proposed budget must reflect the funding limitations/restrictions specified in [Section IV-3](#). **Specifically identify the items associated with these costs in your budget.**

**The budget justification and narrative must be submitted as file BNF when you submit your application into Grants.gov.**

## 1. REQUIRED SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION

### Biographical Sketches and Job Descriptions

See [Appendix F](#), Biographical Sketches and Job Descriptions, for instructions on completing this section.

### Confidentiality and SAMHSA Participant Protection/Human Subjects

See [Appendix C](#) for documentation that **must** be included in your application related to Confidentiality, Participant Protection, and the Protection of Human Subjects Regulations. Even if your project will be evaluated by an Institutional Review Board (IRB), all of the Participant Protection elements **must** be addressed.

## 2. REVIEW AND SELECTION PROCESS

SAMHSA applications are peer-reviewed according to the evaluation criteria listed above.

Decisions to fund a grant are based on:

- the strengths and weaknesses of the application as identified by peer reviewers;
- when the individual award is over \$150,000, approval by the CSAP National Advisory Council;
- availability of funds;
- equitable distribution of awards in terms of geography (including urban, rural, and remote settings) and balance among populations of focus and program size; and
- In accordance with 45 CFR 75.212, SAMHSA reserves the right not to make an award to an entity if that entity does not meet the minimum qualification standards as described in section 75.205(a)(2). If SAMHSA chooses not to award a fundable application, SAMHSA must report that determination to the designated integrity and performance system accessible through the System for Award Management (SAM) [currently the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)].

## VI. FEDERAL AWARD ADMINISTRATION INFORMATION

### 1. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

**Program Specific:**

Recipients must comply with the data reporting requirements listed in Section I-2.2 and Section I-2.3.

**Data Collection** – The required performance measures collected on an annual basis include, but are not limited to the following:

- The number of sub-recipient communities that improved on one or more targeted outcome indicators
- The percentage of sub-recipient communities that have increased the number and percent of evidence-based programs, policies, and/or practices;

**Progress Reports** – Recipients are required to report process data and outcome data through SAMHSA's online reporting platform as follows: progress report data (i.e., recipient-specific process data) must be updated quarterly; community level process data must be updated semi-annually (in May and November); outcome data at the recipient and community levels must be updated annually, unless otherwise instructed.

#### **Grants Management:**

Successful applicants must also comply with the following standard grants management reporting and schedules at <https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/reporting-requirements>, unless otherwise noted in the FOA or Notice of Award.

## **2. FEDERAL AWARD NOTICES**

You will receive an email from SAMHSA, via NIH's eRA Commons, that describes the general results of the review of your application, including the score that your application received.

If you are approved for funding, a Notice of Award (NoA) will be emailed to the Business Official's (BO) email address identified on the HHS Checklist form submitted with the application. The NoA also will be sent to the Institutional Profile File (IPF) organization and the Project Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI). Hard copies of the NoA will no longer be mailed via postal service. The NoA is the sole obligating document that allows you to receive federal funding for work on the grant project. Information about what is included in the NoA can be found at: <https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/notice-award-noa>.

If you are not funded, you will receive a notification from SAMHSA, via NIH's eRA Commons.

## **VII. AGENCY CONTACTS**

For questions about program issues contact:

Tonia F. Gray, MPH  
Division of State Programs  
Center for Substance Abuse Prevention  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration  
240-276-2492  
[tonia.gray@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:tonia.gray@samhsa.hhs.gov)

Kameisha Bennett  
Division of State Programs  
Center for Substance Abuse Prevention  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration  
240-276-2586  
[Kameisha.bennett@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:Kameisha.bennett@samhsa.hhs.gov)

For questions on grants management and budget issues contact:

Eileen Bermudez  
Office of Financial Resources, Division of Grants Management  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration  
(240) 276-1412

## Appendix A – Application and Submission Requirements

**IMPORTANT APPLICATION INFORMATION:** SAMHSA's application procedures have changed. **All applicants must register with NIH's eRA Commons in order to submit an application. This process takes up to six weeks. If you believe you are interested in applying for this opportunity, you MUST start the registration process immediately. Do not wait to start this process. If your organization is not registered and you do not have an active eRA Commons PI account by the deadline, the application will not be accepted. No exceptions will be made.**

Applicants also must register with the System for Award Management (SAM) and Grants.gov (see below for all registration requirements).

### 1. GET REGISTERED

You are required to complete **four (4) registration processes:**

1. Dun & Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (to obtain a DUNS number);
2. System for Award Management (SAM);
3. Grants.gov; and
4. eRA Commons.

If this is your first time submitting an application, you must complete all four registration processes. If you have already completed registrations for DUNS, SAM, and Grants.gov, you need to ensure that your accounts are still active, and then register in **eRA Commons**. If you have not registered in Grants.gov, the registration for Grants.gov and eRA Commons can be done concurrently. You must register in eRA Commons and receive a Commons Username in order to have access to electronic submission, receive notifications on the status of your application, and retrieve grant information. **If your organization is not registered and does not have an active eRA Commons PI account by the deadline, the application will not be accepted.**

The organization must maintain an active and up-to-date SAM and DUNS registrations in order for SAMHSA to make an award. If your organization is not compliant when SAMHSA is ready to make an award, SAMHSA may determine that your organization is not qualified to receive an award and use that determination as the basis for making an award to another applicant.

#### 1.1 Dun & Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) Registration

SAMHSA applicants are required to obtain a valid DUNS Number, also known as the Unique Entity Identifier, and provide that number in the application. Obtaining a DUNS number is easy and there is no charge.

To obtain a DUNS number, access the Dun and Bradstreet website at: <http://www.dnb.com> or call 1-866-705-5711. To expedite the process, let Dun and Bradstreet know that you are a public/private nonprofit organization getting ready to submit a federal grant application. **The DUNS number you use on your application must be registered and active in the System for Award Management (SAM).**

## 1.2 System for Award Management (SAM) Registration

You must also register with the System for Award Management (SAM) and continue to maintain active SAM registration with current information during the period of time your organization has an active federal award or an application under consideration by an agency (unless you are an individual or federal agency that is exempted from those requirements under 2 CFR § 25.110(b) or (c), has an exception approved by the agency under 2 CFR § 25.110(d)). To create a SAM user account, Register/Update your account, and/or Search Records, go to <https://www.sam.gov>.

It is also highly recommended that you renew your account prior to the expiration date. **SAM information must be active and up-to-date, and should be updated at least every 12 months to remain active (for both recipients and sub-recipients).** Once you update your record in SAM, it will take 48 to 72 hours to complete the validation processes. Grants.gov rejects electronic submissions from applicants with expired registrations.

If your SAM account expires, the renewal process requires the same validation with IRS and DoD (Cage Code) as a new account requires. The renewal process can take up to one month.

## 1.3 Grants.gov Registration

[Grants.gov](http://www.grants.gov) is an online portal for submitting federal grant applications. It requires a one-time registration in order to submit applications. While Grants.gov registration is a one-time only registration process, it consists of multiple sub-registration processes (i.e., DUNS number and SAM registrations) before you can submit your application. [Note: eRA Commons registration is separate].

You can register to obtain a Grants.gov username and password at <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/register.html>.

If you have already completed Grants.gov registration and ensured your **Grants.gov and SAM accounts are up-to-date and/or renewed**, please skip this section and focus on the eRA Commons registration steps noted below. If this is your first time submitting an application through Grants.gov, registration information can be found at the Grants.gov "[Applicants](#)" tab.

The person submitting your application must be properly registered with Grants.gov as the Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) for the specific DUNS number cited



on the SF-424 (first page). See the Organization Registration User Guide for details at the following Grants.gov link: <http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/organization-registration.html>.

#### 1.4 eRA Commons Registration

eRA Commons is an online interface managed by NIH that allows applicants, recipients, and federal staff to securely share, manage, and process grant-related information. Organizations applying for SAMHSA funding must register in eRA Commons. This is a one-time registration, separate from Grants.gov registration. In addition to the organization registration, Business Officials and Program Directors listed as key personnel on SAMHSA applications must also register in eRA Commons and receive a Commons ID in order to have access to electronic submission and retrieval of application/grant information. It is strongly recommended that you start the eRA Commons registration process **at least six (6) weeks** prior to the application due date. **If your organization is not registered and does not have an active eRA Commons PI account by the deadline, the application will not be accepted.**

For organizations registering with eRA Commons for the first time, either the Authorized Organization Representative (AOR) from the SF-424 or the Business Official (BO) from the SAMHSA 5161 Checklist must complete the online [Institution Registration Form](#). Instructions on how to complete the online Institution Registration Form is provided on the eRA Commons Online Registration Page.

[Note: You must have a valid and verifiable DUNS number to complete the eRA Commons registration.]

After the organization's representative (AOR or BO) completes the online Institution Registration Form and clicks Submit, the eRA Commons will send an e-mail notification from [era-notify@mail.nih.gov](mailto:era-notify@mail.nih.gov) with the link to confirm the email address. Once the e-mail address is verified, the registration request will be reviewed and confirmed via email. If your request is denied, the representative will receive an email detailing the reason for the denial. If the request is approved, the representative will receive an email with a Commons User ID (with the Signing Official 'SO' role) and temporary password. The representative will need to log into Commons with the temporary password, at which time the system will provide prompts to change the temporary password to one of their choosing. Once the designated contact Signing Official (SO) signs the registration request, the organization will be active in Commons and any user with the SO role will be able to create and maintain additional accounts for the organization's staff, including accounts for those designated as Program Directors.

**Important:** The eRA Commons requires organizations to identify at least one SO, who can be either the AOR from the SF-424 or the BO from the HHS Checklist, and at least one Program Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI) account in order to submit an application. The primary SO must create the account for the PD/PI listed as the PD/PI role on the SAMSHA 5161 Checklist assigning that person the 'PI' role in Commons.

Note that you must enter the PD/PI's Commons Username into the 'Applicant Identifier' field of the SF-424 document.

You can find additional information about the eRA Commons registration process at [https://era.nih.gov/reg\\_accounts/register\\_commons.cfm](https://era.nih.gov/reg_accounts/register_commons.cfm).

## 2. APPLICATION COMPONENTS

You must complete your application using eRA ASSIST, Grants.gov Workspace or another system to system provider. You will also need to go to the SAMHSA website to download the required documents you will need to apply for a SAMHSA grant or cooperative agreement.

### 2.1 How to Download the Application Package (Grants.gov)

On the Grants.gov site (<http://www.Grants.gov>), select the 'Apply for Grants' option from the 'Applicants' Tab at the top of the screen. You will be directed to the '[Apply for Grants](#)' page. Click on the 'Get Application Package' tab located on the right of the Grants.gov 'Apply for Grants' page. You will be directed to the '[Get Application Package](#)' page where you will search for the appropriate funding announcement number (called the funding opportunity number) or the Catalogue of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number. You can find the funding announcement number and CFDA number on the cover page of the FOA.

For more information on the application download process, go to the Grants.gov 'Apply for Grants' page. Download both the Application Instruction and Application Package on the 'Apply for Grants' page. You can view, print, or save all the forms in the Application Package and then complete them for electronic submission to Grants.gov. Completed forms can also be saved and printed for your records.

### 2.2 Additional Documents for Submission (SAMHSA Website)

You will find additional materials you will need to complete your application on the SAMHSA website at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/applying/forms-resources>.

For a **full list of required application components**, refer to [Section II-3.1, Required Application Components](#).

## 3. WRITE AND COMPLETE APPLICATION

After downloading and retrieving the required application components and completing the registration processes, it is time to write and complete your application. With SAMHSA's transition to NIH's eRA grants system, there are **new application formatting requirements and validations**. All files uploaded with the Grants.gov application **MUST** be in **Adobe PDF** file format. Directions for creating PDF files can be found on the Grants.gov website. Please see [Appendix B](#) for all application formatting

and validation requirements. **Applications that do not comply with these requirements will be screened out and will not be reviewed.**

**SAMHSA strongly encourages you to sign up for Grants.gov email notifications regarding this FOA. If the FOA is cancelled or modified, individuals who sign up with Grants.gov for updates will be automatically notified.**

### 3.1 Required Application Components

#### Standard Application Components

Applications must include the following required application components listed in the table below. This table consists of a full list of standard application components, a description of each required component, and its source for application submission.

#	Standard Application Components	Description	Source
1	SF-424 (Application for Federal Assistance) Form	This form must be completed by applicants for all SAMHSA grants and cooperative agreements.	Grants.gov
2	SF-424 A (Budget Information – Non-Construction Programs) Form	Use SF-424A. Fill out Sections A, B, D and E of the SF-424A. Section C should only be completed if applicable. <b>It is highly recommended that you use the sample budget format in the FOA.</b>	Grants.gov
3	HHS Checklist Form	The HHS Checklist ensures that you have obtained the proper signatures, assurances, and certifications. You are not required to complete the entire form, but include the top portion of the form (“ <b>Type of Application</b> ”) indicating if this is a new, noncompeting continuation, competing continuation, or supplemental application; the Business Official and Program Director/Project Director/Principal Investigator contact information ( <b>Part A</b> ); and your organization’s nonprofit status ( <b>Part B, if applicable</b> ). All SAMHSA Notices of Award (NoAs) will be emailed by SAMHSA via NIH’s eRA Commons to the Project Director/Principal Investigator (PD/PI), and Signing Official/Business Official (SO/BO).	<a href="#">SAMHSA website</a>
4	Project/Performance Site Location(s) Form	The purpose of this form is to collect location information on the site(s) where work funded under this grant announcement will be performed.	Grants.gov

#	Standard Application Components	Description	Source
5	Project Abstract Summary	Your total abstract must not be longer than 35 lines. It should include the project name, population(s) to be served (demographics and clinical characteristics), strategies/interventions, project goals and measurable objectives, including the number of people to be served annually and throughout the lifetime of the project, etc. In the first five lines or less of your abstract, write a summary of your project that can be used, if your project is funded, in publications, reports to Congress, or press releases.	Grants.gov
6	Project Narrative Attachment	The Project Narrative describes your project. The application must address how your organization will implement and meet the goals and objectives of the program. You must attach the Project Narrative file (Adobe PDF format only) inside the Project Narrative Attachment Form.	Grants.gov
7	Budget Justification and Narrative Attachment	You must include a detailed Budget Narrative in addition to the Budget Form SF-424A. In preparing the budget, adhere to any existing federal grantor agency guidelines which prescribe how and whether budgeted amounts should be separately shown for different functions or activities within the program. The budget justification and narrative must be submitted as file <b>BNF</b> when you submit your application into Grants.gov	Grants.gov
8	SF-424 B (Assurances for Non-Construction) Form	You must read the list of assurances provided on the SAMHSA website and check the box marked 'I Agree' before signing the first page (SF-424) of the application.	<a href="#">SAMHSA Website</a>
9	Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL) Form	Federal law prohibits the use of appropriated funds for publicity or propaganda purposes or for the preparation, distribution, or use of the information designed to support or defeat legislation pending before Congress or state legislatures. You must sign and submit this form, if applicable.	Grants.gov
10	Other Attachments Form	Refer to the Supporting Documents below. Use the Other Attachments Form to attach all required additional/supporting documents listed in the table below.	Grants.gov

## Supporting Documents

In addition to the Standard Application Components listed above, the following supporting documents are necessary for the review of your application. Supporting documents must be attached to your application. **For each of the following**

application components, attach each document (Adobe PDF format only) using the Other Attachments Form from the Grants.gov application package.

#	Supporting Documents	Description	Source
1	HHS 690 Form	Every grant applicant must have a completed <a href="#">HHS 690 form (PDF   291 KB)</a> on file with the Department of Health and Human Services.	<a href="#">SAMHSA Website</a>
2	Charitable Choice Form SMA 170	See Section IV-1 of the FOA to determine if you are required to submit Charitable Choice Form SMA 170. If you are, you can upload this form to Grants.gov when you submit your application.	<a href="#">SAMHSA Website</a>
3	Biographical Sketches and Job Descriptions	See <a href="#">Appendix F</a> of this document for additional instructions for completing these sections.	<a href="#">Appendix F</a> of this document.
4	Confidentiality and SAMHSA Participant Protection/Human Subjects	See the FOA or requirements related to confidentiality, participant protection, and the protection of human subject's regulations.	FOA: See <a href="#">Appendix C</a>
5	Additional Documents in the FOA	The FOA will indicate the attachments you need to include in your application.	FOA: <a href="#">Section IV-1.</a>

#### 4. SUBMIT APPLICATION

##### 4.1 Electronic Submission (Grants.gov, ASSIST)

After completing all required registration and application requirements, SAMHSA requires applicants to **electronically submit** using eRA ASSIST, Grants.gov Downloadable Forms, Grants.gov Workspace or another system to system provider. Information on each of these options is below:

- 1) **ASSIST** – The Application Submission System and Interface for Submission Tracking (ASSIST) is an NIH sponsored online interface used to prepare applications using the SF424 form set, submit electronically through Grants.gov to SAMHSA and other participating agencies, and track grant applications. [Note: ASSIST requires an eRA Commons ID to access the system]

- 2) **Grants.gov Workspace** – You can use the shared, online environment of the Grants.gov Workspace to collaboratively work on different forms within the application package.

The specific actions you need to take to submit your application will vary by submission method as listed above. The steps to submit your application are as follows:

To submit to Grants.gov using ASSIST: [eRA Modules, User Guides, and Documentation | Electronic Research Administration \(eRA\)](#)

To submit to Grants.gov using downloadable forms are available at: [STEP 3: Submit an Application Package | GRANTS.GOV](#)

To submit to Grants.gov using the Grants.gov Workspace:

<http://www.grants.gov/web/grants/applicants/workspace-overview.html>

Regardless of the option you use, your application will be subject to the same registration requirements, completed with the same data items, routed through Grants.gov, validated against the same agency business rules, assembled in a consistent format for review consideration, and tracked in eRA Commons. All applications that are successfully submitted must be validated by Grants.gov before proceeding to the NIH eRA Commons system and validations.

On-time submission requires that electronic applications be error-free and made available to SAMHSA for processing from the NIH eRA system on or before the application due date and time. Applications must be submitted to and validated successfully by Grants.gov and eRA Commons no later than **11:59 PM** Eastern Time on the application due date.

You are strongly encouraged to allocate additional time prior to the submission deadline to submit your application and to correct errors identified in the validation process. You are also encouraged to check the status of your application submission to determine if the application is complete and error-free.

If you encounter problems when submitting their applications in Grants.gov, you must attempt to resolve them by contacting the Grants.gov Help Desk at:

- By e-mail: [support@grants.gov](mailto:support@grants.gov)
- By phone: (toll-free) 1-800-518-4726 (1-800-518-GRANTS). The Grants.gov Contact Center is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, excluding federal holidays.

**Make sure you receive a case/ticket/reference number that documents the issues/problems with Grants.gov.**

Additional support is also available from the NIH eRA Service desk at:

- By e-mail: <http://grants.nih.gov/support/index.html>
- By phone: 301-402-7469 or (toll-free) 1-866-504-9552. The NIH eRA Service desk is available Monday – Friday, 7 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time, excluding federal holidays.

If you experience problems accessing or using ASSIST (see below), you can:

- Access the ASSIST Online Help Site at: <https://era.nih.gov/erahelp/assist/>
- Or contact the eRA Help Desk

SAMHSA highly recommends that you submit your application 24-72 hours before the submission deadline. Many submission issues can be fixed within that time and you can attempt to re-submit.

## 4.2 Waiver of Electronic Submission

SAMHSA will not accept paper applications except under very special circumstances. If you need special consideration, SAMHSA must approve the waiver of this requirement in advance.

If you do not have the technology to apply online, or your physical location has no Internet connection, you may request a waiver of electronic submission. You must send a written request to the Division of Grant Review at least 15 calendar days before the application's due date.

Direct any questions regarding the submission waiver process to the Division of Grant Review at 240-276-1199.

## 5. AFTER SUBMISSION

### 5.1 System Validations and Tracking

After you complete and comply with all registration and application requirements and submit your application, the application will be validated by Grants.gov. You will receive a notification that your application is being processed. You will receive two additional e-mails from Grants.gov within the next 24-48 hours (one notification email will confirm receipt of the application in Grants.gov, and the other notification email will indicate that the application was either successfully validated by the Grants.gov system or rejected due to errors). It is important that you retain this Grants.gov tracking number. **Receipt of the Grants.gov tracking number is the only indication that Grants.gov has successfully received and validated your application.** If you do not receive a Grants.gov tracking number, you may want to contact the Grants.gov help desk for assistance (see resources for assistance in [4.1](#)).



If Grants.gov identifies any errors and rejects your application with a “Rejected with Errors” status, you must address all errors and submit again. If no problem is found, Grants.gov will allow the eRA system to retrieve the application and check it against its own agency business rules (eRA Commons Validations).

After you successfully submit your application through Grants.gov, your application will go through eRA Commons validations. You must check your application status in eRA Commons. You must have an eRA Commons ID in order to have access to electronic submission and retrieval of application/grant information.

If no errors are found, the application will be assembled in the eRA Commons. At this point, you can view your application in eRA commons. It will then be forwarded to SAMHSA as the receiving institution for further review. If errors are found, you will receive a System Error and/or Warning notification regarding the problems found in the application. You must take action to make the required corrections, and re-submit the application through Grants.gov before the application due date and time.

**You are responsible for viewing and tracking your applications in the eRA Commons after submission through Grants.gov to ensure accurate and successful submission.** Once you are able to access your application in the eRA Commons, be sure to review it carefully as this is what reviewers will see.

## 5.2 eRA Commons: Warning vs. Error Notifications

You may receive a System Warning and/or Error notification after submitting an application. Take note that there is a distinction between System Errors and System Warnings.

**Warnings** – If you receive a Warning notification after the application is submitted, you are not required to resubmit the application. The reason for the Warning will be identified in the notification. It is at your discretion to choose to resubmit, but if the application was successfully received, it does not require any additional action.

**Errors** – If you receive an Error notification after the applications is submitted, you must correct and resubmit the application. The word Error is used to characterize any condition which causes the application to be deemed unacceptable for further consideration.

## 5.3 System or Technical Issues

If you encounter a system error that prevents you from completing the application submission process on time, the BO from your organization will receive an email notification from eRA Commons. SAMHSA highly recommends contacting the eRA Help Desk and submitting a web ticket to document your good faith attempt to submit your application, and determining next steps. See [4.1](#) for more information on contacting the eRA Help Desk.



#### 5.4 Resubmitting a Changed/Corrected Application

If SAMHSA does not receive your application by the application due date as a result of a failure in the SAM, Grants.gov, or NIH's eRA Commons systems, you must contact the Division of Grant Review within **one business day after the official due date at: [dgr.applications@samhsa.hhs.gov](mailto:dgr.applications@samhsa.hhs.gov)** and provide the following:

- A case number or email from SAM, Grants.gov, and/or NIH's eRA system that allows SAMHSA to obtain documentation from the respective entity for the cause of the error.

SAMHSA will consider the documentation to determine **if** you followed Grants.gov and NIH's eRA requirements and instructions, met the deadlines for processing paperwork within the recommended time limits, met FOA requirements for submission of electronic applications, and made no errors that caused submission through Grants.gov or NIH's eRA to fail. No exceptions for submission are allowed when user error is involved. Please note that system errors are extremely rare.

[Note: When resubmitting an application, please ensure that the **Project Title is identical to the Project Title in the originally submitted application** (i.e., no extra spacing) as the Project Title is a free-text form field.]

## **Appendix B – Formatting Requirements and System Validation**

### **1. SAMHSA FORMATTING REQUIREMENTS**

SAMHSA's goal is to review all applications submitted for grant funding. However, this goal must be balanced against SAMHSA's obligation to ensure equitable treatment of applications. For this reason, SAMHSA has established certain formatting requirements for its applications. See below for a list of formatting requirements required by SAMHSA:

- Text must be legible. Pages must be typed in black, single-spaced, using a font of Times New Roman 12, with all margins (left, right, top, bottom) at least one inch each. You may use Times New Roman 10 only for charts or tables.
- You must submit your application and all attached documents in Adobe PDF format or your application will not be forwarded to eRA Commons and will not be reviewed.
- To ensure equity among applications, page limits for the Project Narrative cannot be exceeded.
- Black print should be used throughout your application, including charts and graphs (no color).
- The page limits for Attachments stated in the FOA: Section IV-1 should not be exceeded.

If you are submitting more than one application under the same announcement number, you must ensure that the Project Title in Field 15 of the SF-424 is unique for each submission.

### **2. GRANTS.GOV FORMATTING AND VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS**

- Grants.gov allows the following list of UTF-8 characters when naming your attachments: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore, hyphen, space, and period. Other UTF-8 characters should not be used as they will not be accepted by NIH's eRA Commons, as indicated in item #10 in the table below.
- Scanned images must be scanned at 150-200 dpi/ppi resolution and saved as a PDF file. Using a higher resolution setting or different file type will result in a larger file size, which could result in rejection of your application.
- Any files uploaded or attached to the Grants.gov application must be PDF file format and must contain a valid file format extension in the filename. In

addition, the use of compressed file formats such as ZIP, RAR or Adobe Portfolio will not be accepted.

### 3. eRA COMMONS FORMATTING AND VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS

The following table is a list of formatting requirements and system validations required by eRA Commons and will result in errors if not met. The application must be 'error free' to be processed through the eRA Commons. There may be additional validations which will result in Warnings but these will not prevent the application from processing through the submission process.

If you do not adhere to these requirements, you will receive an email notification from [era-notify@mail.nih.gov](mailto:era-notify@mail.nih.gov) to take action and adhere to the requirements so that your application can be processed successfully. It is highly recommended that you submit your application 24-72 hours before the submission deadline to allow for sufficient time to correct errors and resubmit the application. If you experience any system validation or technical issues after hours on the application due date, contact the eRA Help Desk and submit a Web ticket to document your good-faith attempt to submit your application.

#	eRA Validations	Action if the Validation is not met
1	Applicant Identifier: The Commons Username provided in the PD/PI Credential field for the PD/PI must be valid and affiliated with the organization (matching on the Org Primary DUNS).	<p>If the PD/PI Credentials are not provided, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"The Commons Username must be provided in the PD/PI Credential field for the PD/PI."</p> <p>If the Username provided is not a valid Commons account, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"The Commons Username provided in the PD/PI Credential field for is not a recognized Commons account."</p> <p>If the Username is not affiliated with the organization submitting the application and have the PI role, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"The Commons account provided in the Credential field for the PD/PI is either not affiliated with the applicant organization or does not hold the PI role. Check with your Commons Account Administrator to make sure your account affiliation and roles are set-up correctly."</p>

#	eRA Validations	Action if the Validation is not met
2	DUNS numbers: The DUNS number provided on any forms must have valid characters (9 or 13 numbers with or without dashes).	If the DUNS number provided has invalid characters (other than 9 or 13 numbers) after stripping of dashes, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "The DUNS number for <insert form name > is not in the valid format of DUNS or DUNS+4 number (DUNS should be 9 or 13 digits; no letters or special characters)."
3	Submit required documentation for the FOA.  [Note: We recommend you use the latest package from Grants.gov, which will have the latest forms and templates required.]	If you do not submit the documentation required for the FOA, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "The format of the application does not match the format of the FOA. Please contact the eRA Help Desk for assistance."
4	Check the "Changed/Corrected Application" box in the SF424 form after making changes/corrections to resubmit an application.  Refer to <u>Section II-5.4</u> for more information on resubmission criteria.	If you change/correct an error in your application, any subsequent submissions for the same FOA will result in an error, and the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "This application has been identified as a duplicate of a previous submission. The 'Type of Submission' should be set to Changed/Corrected if you are addressing errors/warnings."
5	Applications cannot be larger than 1.2GB	If the application exceeds 1.2GB, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "The application did not follow the agency-specific size limit of 1.2 GB. Please resize the application to be no larger than 1.2GB before submitting."
6	The Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) number must exist.	If you enter an FOA number that does not exist, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "The Funding Opportunity Announcement number does not exist."
7	All documents and attachments must be in PDF format.	If you submit attachments which are not in PDF format, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:  "The <attachment> attachment is not in PDF format. All attachments must be provided to the agency in PDF format with a .pdf extension. Help with PDF attachments can be found at <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm</a> ."

#	eRA Validations	Action if the Validation is not met
8	<p>All attachments should comply with the following formatting requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ PDF attachments cannot be empty (0 bytes).</li> </ul>	<p>If you submit attachments which do not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>“The {attachment} attachment was empty. PDF attachments cannot be empty, password protected or encrypted. Please submit a changed/corrected application with the correct PDF attachment. Help with PDF attachments can be found at <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm</a>.”</p>
9	<p>All attachments should comply with the following formatting requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ PDF attachments cannot have Meta data missing, cannot be encrypted, password protected or secured documents.</li> </ul>	<p>If you submit attachments which do not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>“The &lt;attachment&gt; attachment contained formatting or features not currently supported by NIH: &lt;condition returned&gt;. Help with PDF attachments can be found at <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm</a>.”</p>
10	<p>All attachments should comply with the following formatting requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Size of PDF attachments cannot be larger than 8.5 x 11 inches (horizontally or vertically).</li> </ul> <p>[Note: It is recommended that you limit the size of attachments to 35 MB.]</p>	<p>If you submit attachments that do not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>“Filename &lt;file&gt; cannot be larger than U.S. standard letter paper size of 8.5 x 11 inches. See the PDF guidelines at <a href="http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm">http://grants.nih.gov/grants/ElectronicReceipt/pdf_guidelines.htm</a> for additional information.”</p>
11	<p>All attachments should comply with the following formatting requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ PDF attachments should have a valid file name. Valid file names must include the following UTF-8 characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore ( _ ), hyphen (-), space, period.</li> </ul>	<p>If you submit attachments which do not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>“The &lt;attachment&gt; attachment filename is invalid. Valid filenames may only include the following characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, underscore ( _ ), hyphen (-), space, or period. No special characters (including brackets) can be part of the filename.”</p>

#	eRA Validations	Action if the Validation is not met
12	<p>The contact person's email in the SF-424 Section F, must contain a '@', with at least 1 and at most 64 chars preceding and following the '@'. Control characters (ASCII 0 through 31 and 127), spaces and special chars &lt; &gt; ( ) [ ] \ , ; : are not valid.</p>	<p>If the contact person's email address does not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"The submitted e-mail address for the person to be contacted {email address}, is invalid. Must contain a '@', with at least 1 and at most 64 chars preceding and following the '@'. Control characters (ASCII 0 through 31 and 127), spaces and special chars &lt; &gt; ( ) [ ] \ , ; : are not valid."</p>
13	<p>Congressional district code of applicant (after truncating) must be valid.</p> <p>[Note: Applies to form SF-424, items 16a and 16b]</p>	<p>If the Congressional district code of the applicant is not valid, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"Congressional district &lt;Congressional District&gt; is invalid. To locate your district, visit <a href="http://www.house.gov/">http://www.house.gov/</a>"</p>
14	<p>Authorized Representative email must contain a '@', with at least 1 and at most 60chars preceding and following the '@'. Control characters (ASCII 0 through 31 and 127), spaces and special chars &lt; &gt; ( ) [ ] \ , ; : are not valid.</p>	<p>If the Authorized Representative email address does not comply with the stated formatting requirement, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p> <p>"Must contain a '@', with at least 1 and at most 64 chars preceding and following the '@'. Control characters (ASCII 0 through 31 and 127), spaces and special chars &lt; &gt; ( ) [ ] \ , ; : are not valid. The Person to be contacted email address also provided on the SF 424 will be used instead."</p>
15	Budget Validations	<p>If the budget form fields below do not comply with the form guidelines, the applicant will receive the following error message from eRA Commons:</p>
16	<p>SF424-A: Section A – Budget Summary</p> <p>There are total fields at the end of rows or at the bottom of columns that must equal the sum of the elements for that row or column</p>	<p>Ensure that the sum of Grant Program Function or Activity (a) elements entered equals the total amounts in the Total field</p>
17	<p>SF424-A: Section B – Budget Categories</p> <p>The TOTALS Total in Column 5 - Row k does not equal to SECTION A – Budget Summary: 5.Totals Total (g).</p>	<p>Ensure that the TOTALS Total (row k, column 5) equals the Budget Summary Totals in section A, row 5 column g.</p>

#	eRA Validations	Action if the Validation is not met
18	<p>SF424-A: Section D – Forecasted Cash Needs</p> <p>The Federal amount for the 1st Year sun does not equal to Section A Total for 1st Year Federal Totals</p> <p>The Non-Federal Total for 1st Year sum does not equal to Estimated Unobligated Funds Non-Federal Totals (d-5) + New or Revised Budget Non-Federal Totals (f-5)</p> <p>The Total for 1st Year TOTAL in Section D does not equal to the Totals Total (Column 5, Row G) in Section A</p>	<p>Ensure that the Federal Total for 1st year, in Section D- Forecasted Needs equals the Section A, New or Revised Budget Federal Totals (e-5) amount.</p> <p>Ensure that the Non-Federal Total for 1st year equals the sum of Estimated Unobligated Funds Non-Federal Totals (d-5) and New or Revised Budget Non-Federal Totals (f-5) on Section A.</p> <p>Ensure that the Forecasted Cash Needs: 15. TOTAL equals to SECTION A – Budget Summary: 5.Totals Total (g).</p>
19	<p>SF424-A: Section E – Budget Estimates Of Federal Funds Needed For Balance of The project</p> <p>The number of budget years/periods does not match the span of the project</p>	<p>Ensure that the project period years on the SF 424 block 17 matches the provided budget periods in the SF 424 A. Enter data for the first budget period in Section D and enter future budget periods in Section E. Please refer to agency guidance if applicable.</p>

# **Appendix C – Confidentiality and SAMHSA Participant Protection/Human Subjects Guidelines**

## **Confidentiality and Participant Protection:**

Because of the confidential nature of the work in which many SAMHSA recipients are involved, it is important to have safeguards protecting individuals from risks associated with their participation in SAMHSA projects. All applicants (including those who plan to obtain Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval) must address the seven elements below. Be sure to discuss these elements as they pertain to on-line counseling (i.e., telehealth) if they are applicable to your program. If some are not applicable or relevant to the proposed project, simply state that they are not applicable and indicate why. In addition to addressing these seven elements, read the section that follows entitled “Protection of Human Subjects Regulations” to determine if the regulations may apply to your project. If so, you are required to describe the process you will follow for obtaining IRB approval. While you are encouraged you to keep your responses brief, there are no page limits for this section and no points will be assigned by the Review Committee. Problems with confidentiality, participant protection, and the protection of human subjects identified during peer review of the application must be resolved prior to funding.

### **1. Protect Clients and Staff from Potential Risks**

- Identify and describe any foreseeable physical, medical, psychological, social and legal risks or potential adverse effects as a result of the project itself or any data collection activity.
- Describe the procedures you will follow to minimize or protect participants against potential risks, including risks to confidentiality.
- Identify plans to provide guidance and assistance in the event there are adverse effects to participants.
- Where appropriate, describe alternative treatments and procedures that may be beneficial to the participants. If you choose not to use these other beneficial treatments, provide the reasons for not using them.

### **2. Fair Selection of Participants**

- Describe the population(s) of focus for the proposed project. Include age, gender, and racial/ethnic background and note if the population includes homeless youth, foster children, children of substance abusers, pregnant women, or other targeted groups.



- Explain the reasons for including groups of pregnant women, children, people with mental disabilities, people in institutions, prisoners, and individuals who are likely to be particularly vulnerable to HIV/AIDS.
- Explain the reasons for including or excluding participants.
- Explain how you will recruit and select participants. Identify who will select participants.

### **3. Absence of Coercion**

- Explain if participation in the project is voluntary or required. Identify possible reasons why participation is required, for example, court orders requiring people to participate in a program.
- If you plan to compensate participants, state how participants will be awarded incentives (e.g., money, gifts, etc.). Provide justification that the use of incentives is appropriate, judicious and conservative and that incentives do not provide an “undue inducement” that removes the voluntary nature of participation. Incentives should be the minimum amount necessary to meet the programmatic and performance assessment goals of the grant. Applicants should determine the minimum amount that is proven effective by consulting with existing local programs and reviewing the relevant literature. In no case may the value of an incentive paid for with SAMHSA discretionary grant funds exceed \$30.
- State how volunteer participants will be told that they may receive services intervention even if they do not participate in or complete the data collection component of the project.

### **4. Data Collection**

- Identify from whom you will collect data (e.g., from participants themselves, family members, teachers, others). Describe the data collection procedures and specify the sources for obtaining data (e.g., school records, interviews, psychological assessments, questionnaires, observation or other sources). Where data are to be collected through observational techniques, questionnaires, interviews, or other direct means, describe the data collection setting.
- Identify what type of specimens (e.g., urine, blood) will be used, if any. State if the material will be used just for evaluation or if other use(s) will be made. Also, if needed, describe how the material will be monitored to ensure the safety of participants.

- Provide in **Attachment 2**, “Data Collection Instruments/Interview Protocols,” copies of all available data collection instruments and interview protocols that you plan to use (unless you are providing the web link to the instrument(s)/protocol(s)).

## 5. Privacy and Confidentiality

- Explain how you will ensure privacy and confidentiality. Include who will collect data and how it will be collected.
- Describe:
  - How you will use data collection instruments.
  - Where data will be stored.
  - Who will or will not have access to information.
  - How the identity of participants will be kept private, for example, through the use of a coding system on data records, limiting access to records, or storing identifiers separately from data.

**NOTE:** If applicable, recipients must agree to maintain the confidentiality of alcohol and drug abuse client records according to the provisions of **Title 42 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part II**.

## 6. Adequate Consent Procedures

- List what information will be given to people who participate in the project. Include the type and purpose of their participation. Identify the data that will be collected, how the data will be used and how you will keep the data private.
- State:
  - Whether or not their participation is voluntary.
  - Their right to leave the project at any time without problems.
  - Possible risks from participation in the project.
  - Plans to protect clients from these risks.
- Explain how you will obtain consent for youth, the elderly, people with limited reading skills, and people who do not use English as their first language.

**NOTE:** If the project poses potential physical, medical, psychological, legal, social or other risks, you **must** obtain written informed consent.

- Indicate if you will obtain informed consent from participants or assent from minors along with consent from their parents or legal guardians. Describe how the consent will be documented. For example: Will you read the consent forms? Will you ask prospective participants questions to be sure they understand the forms? Will you give them copies of what they sign?
- Include, as appropriate, sample consent forms that provide for: (1) informed consent for participation in service intervention; (2) informed consent for participation in the data collection component of the project; and (3) informed consent for the exchange (releasing or requesting) of confidential information. The sample forms must be included in **Attachment 3, “Sample Consent Forms”**, of your application. If needed, give English translations.

**NOTE:** Never imply that the participant waives or appears to waive any legal rights, may not end involvement with the project, or releases your project or its agents from liability for negligence.

- Describe if separate consents will be obtained for different stages or parts of the project. For example, will they be needed for both participant protection in treatment intervention and for the collection and use of data?
- Additionally, if other consents (e.g., consents to release information to others or gather information from others) will be used in your project, provide a description of the consents. Will individuals who do not consent to having individually identifiable data collected for evaluation purposes be allowed to participate in the project?

## 7. Risk/Benefit Discussion

- Discuss why the risks are reasonable compared to expected benefits and importance of the knowledge from the project.

## Protection of Human Subjects Regulations

SAMHSA expects that most recipients funded under this announcement will not have to comply with the Protection of Human Subjects Regulations (45 CFR 46), which requires Institutional Review Board (IRB) approval. However, in some instances, the applicant’s proposed performance assessment design may meet the regulation’s criteria for research involving human subjects.

In addition to the elements above, applicants whose projects must comply with the Human Subjects Regulations must fully describe the process for obtaining IRB approval. While IRB approval is not required at the time of grant award, these recipients will be required, as a condition of award, to provide documentation that an Assurance of Compliance is on file with the Office for Human Research Protections (OHRP). IRB approval must be received in these cases prior to enrolling participants in the project.

General information about Human Subjects Regulations can be obtained through OHRP at <http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp> or (240) 453-6900. SAMHSA-specific questions should be directed to the program contact listed in [Section VII](#) of this announcement.

## Appendix D – Developing Goals and Measurable Objectives

To be able to effectively evaluate your project, it is critical that you develop realistic goals and measurable objectives. This appendix provides information on developing goals and objectives. It also provides examples of well-written goals and measurable objectives.

### GOALS

**Definition** – a goal is a broad statement about the long-term expectation of what should happen as a result of your program (the desired result). It serves as the foundation for developing your program objectives. Goals should align with the statement of need that is described. Goals should only be one sentence.

The characteristics of effective goals include:

- Goals address outcomes, not how outcomes will be achieved;
- Goals describe the behavior or condition in the community expected to change;
- Goals describe who will be affected by the project;
- Goals lead clearly to one or more measurable results; and
- Goals are concise.

### Examples

Unclear Goal	Critique	Improved Goal
Increase the substance abuse and HIV/AIDS prevention capacity of the local school district	This goal could be improved by <i>specifying an expected program effect in reducing a health problem</i>	Increase the capacity of the local school district to reduce high-risk behaviors of students that may contribute to substance abuse and/or HIV/AIDS
Decrease the prevalence of marijuana, alcohol, and prescription drug use among youth in the community by increasing the number of schools that implement effective policies, environmental change, intensive training of teachers, and educational approaches to address high-risk behaviors, peer pressure, and tobacco use.	This goal is not concise	Decrease youth substance use in the community by implementing evidence-based programs within the school district that address behaviors that may lead to the initiation of use.

### OBJECTIVES

**Definition** – Objectives describe the results to be achieved and the manner in which they will be achieved. Multiple objectives are generally needed to address a single goal. Well-written objectives help set program priorities and targets for progress and

accountability. It is recommended that you avoid verbs that may have vague meanings to describe the intended outcomes, like “understand” or “know” because it may prove difficult to measure them. Instead, use verbs that document action, such as: “By the end of 2018, 75% of program participants will be *placed* in permanent housing.”

In order to be effective, objectives should be clear and leave no room for interpretation. **SMART** is a helpful acronym for developing objectives that are ***specific, measurable, achievable, realistic, and time-bound***:

**Specific** – Includes the “who” and “what” of program activities. Use only one action verb to avoid issues with measuring success. For example, “Outreach workers will administer the HIV risk assessment tool to at least 100 injection drug users in the population of focus” is a more specific objective than “Outreach workers will use their skills to reach out to drug users on the street.”

**Measurable** – How much change is expected. It must be possible to count or otherwise quantify an activity or its results. It also means that the source of and mechanism for collecting measurement data can be identified and that collection of the data is feasible for your program. A baseline measurement is required to document change (e.g., to measure the percentage of increase or decrease). If you plan to use a specific measurement instrument, it is recommended that you incorporate its use into the objective. Example: By 9/18 increase by 10% the number of 8<sup>th</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup>, and 10<sup>th</sup> grade students who disapprove of marijuana use as measured by the annual school youth survey.

**Achievable** – Objectives should be attainable within a given time frame and with available program resources. For example, “The new part-time nutritionist will meet with seven teenage mothers each week to design a complete dietary plan” is a more achievable objective than “Teenage mothers will learn about proper nutrition.”

**Realistic** – Objectives should be within the scope of the project and propose reasonable programmatic steps that can be implemented within a specific time frame. For example, “Two ex-gang members will make one school presentation each week for two months to raise community awareness about the presence of gangs” is a more realistic objective than “Gang-related violence in the community will be eliminated.”

**Time-bound** – Provide a time frame indicating when the objective will be measured or a time by when the objective will be met. For example, “Five new peer educators will be recruited by the second quarter of the first funding year” is a better objective than “New peer educators will be hired.”

**Examples:**

Non-SMART Objective	Critique	SMART Objective
Teachers will be trained on the selected evidence-based substance abuse prevention curriculum.	The objective is not SMART because it is not <i>specific, measurable, or time-bound</i> . It can be made SMART by <i>specifically</i> indicating who is responsible for training the teachers, how many will be trained, who they are, and by when the trainings will be conducted.	<b><i>By June 1, 2018, LEA supervisory staff</i></b> will have trained <b><i>75% of health education teachers in the local school district</i></b> on the selected, evidence-based substance abuse prevention curriculum.
90% of youth will participate in classes on assertive communication skills.	This objective is not SMART because it is not <i>specific or time-bound</i> . It can be made SMART by indicating <i>who</i> will conduct the activity, <i>by when</i> , and <i>who</i> will participate in the lessons on assertive communication skills.	By the <b><i>end of the 2018 school year, district health educators</i></b> will have conducted classes on assertive communication skills for 90% of youth <b><i>in the middle school</i></b> receiving the <b><i>substance abuse and HIV prevention curriculum</i></b> .
Train individuals in the community on the prevention of prescription drug/opioid overdose-related deaths.	This objective is not SMART as it is not <i>specific, measurable or time-bound</i> . It can be made SMART by specifically indicating <i>who</i> is responsible for the training, <i>how many</i> people will be trained, <i>who</i> they are, and by <i>when</i> the training will be conducted.	<b><i>By the end of year two of the project, the Health Department</i></b> will have trained <b><i>75% of EMS staff in the County Government</i></b> on the selected curriculum addressing the prevention of prescription drug/opioid overdose-related deaths.

## Appendix E – Developing the Plan for Data Collection, Performance Assessment, and Quality Improvement

Information is provided in this Appendix about points that you should consider in responding to the criteria in Section D.

### **Data Collection:**

In describing your plan for data collection, consider addressing the following points:

- The electronic data collection software that will be used;
- How often data will be collected;
- The organizational processes that will be implemented to ensure the accurate and timely collection and input of data;
- The staff that will be responsible for collecting and recording the data;
- The data source/data collection instruments that will be used to collect the data;
- How well the data collection methods will take into consideration the language, norms and values of the population(s) of focus;
- How will the data be kept secure;
- If applicable, how will the data collection procedures ensure that confidentiality is protected and that informed consent is obtained; and
- If applicable, how data will be collected from partners, sub-awardees.

It is not necessary to provide information related to data collection and performance measurement in a table but the following samples may give you some ideas about how to display the information.

*Table 1 provides an example of how information for the required performance measures could be displayed.*

**Table 1**

Performance Measures	Data Source	Data Collection Frequency	Responsible Staff for Data Collection	Method of Data Analysis



Table 2 provides an example of how information could be displayed for the data that will be collected to measure the objectives that are included in B.1

**Table 2**

Objective	Data Source	Data Collection Frequency	Responsible Staff for Data Collection	Method of Data Analysis
Objective 1.a				
Objective 1.b				

**Data Management, Tracking, Analysis, and Reporting:**

Points to consider:

Data management:

- How data will be protected, including information about who will have access to data;
- How will data be stored.

Data tracking:

- The staff member who will be responsible for tracking the performance measures and measurable objectives.

Data analysis:

- Who will be responsible for conducting the data analysis, including the role of the Evaluator;
- What data analysis methods will be used.

Data reporting:

- Who will be responsible for completing the reports;
- How will the data be reported to staff, stakeholders, SAMHSA, Advisory Board, and other relevant project partners.

### **Performance Assessment:**

Points to consider:

- Information on how frequently performance data will be reviewed;
- How you will use this data to monitor and evaluate activities and processes and to assess the progress that has been made achieving the goals and objectives; and
- Who will be responsible for conducting the performance assessment.

### **Quality Improvement:**

Points to consider:

- If applicable, the QI model that will be used;
- How will the QI process be used to track progress;
- The staff members who will be responsible for overseeing these processes;
- How you will implement any needed changes in project implementation and/or project management;
  - What decision-making processes will be used;
  - When and by whom will decisions be made concerning project improvement;
  - What are the thresholds for determining that changes need to be made;
- Will the Advisory Board have a role in the QI process; and
- How will the changes be communicated to staff and/or partners/sub-awardees.

## **Appendix F – Biographical Sketches and Position Descriptions**

Include position descriptions for the Project Director and all key personnel. Position descriptions should be no longer than one page each.

For staff members, who have been identified, include a biographical sketch for the Project Director and other key positions. Each sketch should be two pages or less.

### **Biographical Sketch**

Existing curricula vitae of project staff members may be used if they are updated and contain all items of information requested below. You may add any information items listed below to complete existing documents. For development of new curricula vitae include items below in the most suitable format:

1. Name of staff member
2. Educational background: school(s), location, dates attended, degrees earned (specify year), major field of study
3. Professional experience
4. Honors received and dates
5. Recent relevant publications

### **Position Description**

1. Title of position
2. Description of duties and responsibilities
3. Qualifications for position
4. Supervisory relationships
5. Skills and knowledge required
6. Amount of travel and any other special conditions or requirements
7. Salary range
8. Hours per day or week

## Appendix G – Addressing Behavioral Health Disparities

SAMHSA expects recipients to utilize their data to: (1) identify the number of individuals to be served during the grant period and identify subpopulations (i.e., racial, ethnic, sexual, and gender minority groups) vulnerable to behavioral health disparities; (2) implement a quality improvement plan for the use of program data on access, use, and outcomes to support efforts to decrease the differences in access to, use, and outcomes of service activities; and (3) identify methods for the development of policies and procedures to ensure adherence to the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) in Health and Health Care.

### Definition of Health Disparities:

Healthy People 2020 defines a health disparity as a “particular type of health difference that is closely linked with social, economic, and/or environmental disadvantage. Health disparities adversely affect groups of people who have systematically experienced greater obstacles to health based on their racial or ethnic group; religion; socioeconomic status; gender; age; mental health; cognitive, sensory, or physical disability; sexual orientation or gender identity; geographic location; or other characteristics historically linked to discrimination or exclusion.”

### Subpopulations

SAMHSA grant applicants are routinely asked to define the population they intend to serve given the focus of a particular grant program (e.g., adults with serious mental illness [SMI] at risk for chronic health conditions; young adults engaged in underage drinking; populations at risk for contracting HIV/AIDS, etc.). Within these populations of focus are *subpopulations* that may have disparate access to, use of, or outcomes from provided services. These disparities may be the result of differences in language, beliefs, norms, values, and/or socioeconomic factors specific to that subpopulation. For instance, Latino adults with SMI may be at heightened risk for metabolic disorder due to lack of appropriate in-language primary care services; Native American youth may have an increased incidence of underage drinking due to coping patterns related to historical trauma within the Native American community; and African American women may be at greater risk for contracting HIV/AIDS due to lack of access to education on risky sexual behaviors in urban low-income communities. While these factors might not be pervasive among the general population served by a recipient, they may be predominant among subpopulations or groups vulnerable to disparities. It is imperative that recipients understand who is being served within their community in order to provide care that will yield positive outcomes, per the focus of that grant. In order for organizations to attend to the potentially disparate impact of their grant efforts, recipients are asked to address access, use and outcomes for subpopulations, which can be defined by the following factors:

- By race

- By ethnicity
- By gender (including transgender populations)
- By sexual orientation (including lesbian, gay and bisexual populations)

The ability to address the quality of care provided to subpopulations served within SAMHSA's grant programs is enhanced by programmatic alignment with the federal CLAS standards.

### **National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) in Health and Health Care**

The National CLAS standards were initially published in the Federal Register on December 22, 2000. Culturally and linguistically appropriate health care and services, broadly defined as care and services that are respectful of and responsive to the cultural and linguistic needs of all individuals, is increasingly seen as essential to reducing disparities and improving health care quality. The National CLAS Standards have served as catalyst and conduit for the evolution of the field of cultural and linguistic competency over the course of the last 12 years. In recognition of these changes in the field, the HHS Office of Minority Health undertook the National CLAS Standards Enhancement Initiative from 2010 to 2012.

The enhanced National CLAS Standards seek to set a new bar in improving the quality of health to our nation's ever diversifying communities. Enhancements to the National CLAS Standards include the broadening of the definitions of health and culture, as well as an increased focus on institutional governance and leadership. The enhanced National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care are comprised of 15 Standards that provide a blueprint for health and health care organizations to implement culturally and linguistically appropriate services that will advance health equity, improve quality, and help eliminate health care disparities.

You can learn more about the CLAS mandates, guidelines, and recommendations at: <http://www.ThinkCulturalHealth.hhs.gov>.

Examples of a Behavioral Health Disparity Impact Statement are available on the SAMHSA website at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/disparity-impact-statement>.

## Appendix H – Standard Funding Restrictions

HHS codified the *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for HHS Awards*, 45 CFR Part 75. In Subpart E, cost principles are described and allowable and unallowable expenditures for HHS recipients are delineated. 45 CFR Part 75 is available at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/policies-regulations/requirements-principles>. Unless superseded by program statute or regulation, follow the cost principles in 45 CFR Part 75 and the standard funding restrictions below.

SAMHSA grant funds must be used for purposes supported by the program and may not be used to:

- Exceed Salary Limitation: The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016 (Pub. L. 113-76) signed into law on January 10, 2016, limits the salary amount that may be awarded and charged to SAMHSA grants and cooperative agreements. Award funds may not be used to pay the salary of an individual at a rate in excess of Executive Level II. The Executive Level II salary can be found in SAMHSA's standard terms and conditions for all awards at <https://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/notice-award-noa/standard-terms-conditions>. This amount reflects an individual's base salary exclusive of fringe and any income that an individual may be permitted to earn outside of the duties to the applicant organization. This salary limitation also applies to sub awards/subcontracts under a SAMHSA grant or cooperative agreement.
- Pay for any lease beyond the project period.
- Provide treatment and recovery services to incarcerated populations (defined as those persons in jail, prison, detention facilities, or in custody where they are not free to move about in the community).
- Pay for the purchase or construction of any building or structure to house any part of the program. (Applicants may request up to \$75,000 for renovations and alterations of existing facilities, if necessary and appropriate to the project.)
- Pay for housing other than residential mental health and/or substance abuse treatment.
- Provide residential or outpatient treatment services when the facility has not yet been acquired, sited, approved, and met all requirements for human habitation and services provision. (Expansion or enhancement of existing residential services is permissible.)

- Provide inpatient treatment or hospital-based detoxification services. Residential services are not considered to be inpatient or hospital-based services.
- Cover unallowable costs associated with the use of federal funds are permitted to fund evidence-based practices (EBPs). Other sources of funds may be used for unallowable costs (e.g., meals, sporting events, entertainment). Other support is defined as funds or resources, whether federal, non-federal or institutional, in direct support of activities through fellowships, gifts, prizes, or in-kind contributions.
- Make direct payments to individuals to induce them to enter prevention or treatment services. However, SAMHSA discretionary grant funds may be used for non-clinical support services (e.g., bus tokens, child care) designed to improve access to and retention in prevention and treatment programs.
- Make direct payments to individuals to encourage attendance and/or attainment of prevention or treatment goals.

Note: SAMHSA discretionary grant funds may be used for non-cash incentives up to \$30. Incentives should be the minimum amount necessary to meet the programmatic and performance assessment goals of the grant. Applicants should determine the minimum amount that is proven effective by consulting with existing local programs and reviewing the relevant literature.

SAMHSA policy allows an individual participant to receive more than one incentive over the course of the program. A recipient or treatment or prevention provider may provide up to \$30 non-cash incentive to individuals to participate in required data collection follow up. This amount may be paid for participation in each required follow up interview.

- Meals are generally unallowable unless they are an integral part of a conference grant or specifically stated as an allowable expense in the FOA. Grant funds may be used for light snacks, not to exceed \$3.00 per person.
- Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2016, Division H states, SEC. 520, notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no funds appropriated in this Act shall be used to purchase sterile needles or syringes for the hypodermic injection of any illegal drug. Provided, that such limitation does not apply to the use of funds for elements of a program other than making such purchases if the relevant state or local health department, in consultation with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, determines that the state or local jurisdiction, as applicable, is experiencing, or is at risk for, a significant increase in hepatitis infections or an HIV outbreak due to injection drug use,

and such program is operating in accordance with state and local law. Contact the GPO for further guidance.

- Pay for pharmaceuticals for HIV antiretroviral therapy, sexually transmitted diseases (STD)/sexually transmitted illnesses (STI), tuberculosis (TB), and hepatitis B and C, or for psychotropic drugs.



## **Appendix I – Administrative and National Policy Requirements**

If your application is funded, you must comply with all terms and conditions of the NoA. SAMHSA's standard terms and conditions are available on the SAMHSA website at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/notice-award-noa/standard-terms-conditions>.

### **HHS Grants Policy Statement (GPS)**

If your application is funded, you are subject to the requirements of the HHS Grants Policy Statement (GPS) that are applicable based on recipient type and purpose of award. This includes any requirements in Parts I and II of the HHS GPS that apply to the award. The HHS GPS is available at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/policies-regulations/hhs-grants-policy-statement>. The general terms and conditions in the HHS GPS will apply as indicated unless there are statutory, regulatory, or award-specific requirements to the contrary (as specified in the NoA).

### **HHS Grant Regulations**

If your application is funded, you must also comply with the administrative requirements outlined in 45 CFR Part 75. For more information see the SAMHSA website at <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/policies-regulations/requirements-principles>.

### **Additional Terms and Conditions**

Depending on the nature of the specific funding opportunity and/or your proposed project as identified during review, SAMHSA may negotiate additional terms and conditions with you prior to grant award. These may include, for example:

- actions required to be in compliance with confidentiality and participant protection/human subjects requirements;
- requirements relating to additional data collection and reporting;
- requirements relating to participation in a cross-site evaluation;
- requirements to address problems identified in review of the application; or revised budget and narrative justification.

### **Performance Goals and Objectives**

If your application is funded, you will be held accountable for the information provided in the application relating to performance targets. SAMHSA program officials will consider your progress in meeting goals and objectives, as well as your failures and strategies for overcoming them, when making an annual recommendation to continue the grant and the amount of any continuation award. Failure to meet stated goals and objectives

may result in suspension or termination of the grant award, or in reduction or withholding of continuation awards.

## **Accessibility Provisions for All Grant Application Packages and Funding Opportunity Announcements**

Recipients of federal financial assistance (FFA) from HHS must administer their programs in compliance with federal civil rights law. This means that recipients of HHS funds must ensure equal access to their programs without regard to a person's race, color, national origin, disability, age and, in some circumstances, sex and religion. This includes ensuring your programs are accessible to persons with limited English proficiency. HHS provides guidance to recipients of FFA on meeting their legal obligation to take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to their programs by persons with limited English proficiency. See <http://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-individuals/special-topics/limited-english-proficiency/index.html>. The HHS Office for Civil Rights also provides guidance on complying with civil rights laws enforced by HHS. See <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/civilrights/understanding/section1557/index.html>; and <http://www.hhs.gov/civil-rights/for-providers/index.html>. Recipients of FFA also have specific legal obligations for serving qualified individuals with disabilities. See <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/civilrights/understanding/disability/index.html>. Contact the HHS Office for Civil Rights for more information about obligations and prohibitions under federal civil rights laws at <https://www.hhs.gov/ocr/about-us/contact-us/index.html> or call 1-800-368-1019 or TDD 1-800-537-7697. Also note it is an HHS Departmental goal to ensure access to quality, culturally competent care, including long-term services and supports, for vulnerable populations. For further guidance on providing culturally and linguistically appropriate services, recipients should review the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Health Care at <http://minorityhealth.hhs.gov/omh/browse.aspx?lvl=2&lvlid=53>.

## **Cultural and Linguistic Competence**

Recipients of federal financial assistance (FFA) from HHS serve culturally and linguistically diverse communities that are not just defined by race or ethnicity, but also socio-economic status, sexual orientation, gender identity, physical and mental ability, age, and other factors. Organizational behaviors, practices, attitudes, and policies across all SAMHSA-supported entities respect and respond to the cultural diversity of communities, clients and students served.

If your application is funded, you must ensure access to quality health care for all. Quality care means access to services, information, and materials delivered by trained providers in a manner that factor in the language needs, health literacy, culture, and diversity of the populations served. Quality also means that data collection instruments used should adhere to culturally and linguistically appropriate norms. For additional information and guidance, refer to the National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services at <https://www.thinkculturalhealth.hhs.gov/>. Additional

cultural/linguistic competency and health literacy tools, and resources are available online at <http://www.samhsa.gov/capt/applying-strategic-prevention/cultural-competence>

### **Acknowledgement of Federal Funding**

As required by HHS appropriations acts, all HHS recipients must acknowledge Federal funding when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid invitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal funds. Recipients are required to state (1) the percentage and dollar amounts of the total program or project costs financed with Federal funds and (2) the percentage and dollar amount of the total costs financed by nongovernmental sources

### **DOMA: Implementation of United States v. Windsor and Federal Recognition of Same-Sex Spouses/Marriages**

A special term of award may be included in the final NoA that states: “On June 26, 2013, in United States v. Windsor, the Supreme Court held that section 3 of the Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA), which prohibited federal recognition of same-sex marriages, was unconstitutional. As a result of that decision and consistent with HHS policy, SAMHSA recognizes same-sex marriages and same-sex spouses on equal terms with opposite sex-marriages and opposite-sex spouses, regardless of where the couple resides. On June 26, 2015, in Obergefell v. Hodges, the Court held that the Fourteenth Amendment requires a State to license a marriage between two people of the same sex and to recognize a marriage between two people of the same sex when their marriage was lawfully licensed and performed out-of-state. Consistent with both of these decisions, you must treat as valid the marriages of same- sex couples. This policy does not apply to registered domestic partnerships, civil unions or similar formal relationships recognized under state law as something other than a marriage.”

### **Supplement Not Supplant**

Grant funds may be used to supplement existing activities. Grant funds may not be used to supplant current funding of existing activities. “Supplant” is defined as replacing funding of a recipient’s existing program with funds from a federal grant.

### **Mandatory Disclosures**

A term may be added to the NoA which states: Consistent with 45 CFR 75.113, applicants and recipients must disclose in a timely manner, in writing to the HHS awarding agency, with a copy to the HHS Office of Inspector General (OIG), all information related to violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the federal award. Sub-recipients must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the prime recipient (pass through entity) and the HHS OIG, all information related to violations of federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the federal award. Disclosures must be sent in writing to the awarding agency and to the HHS OIG at the following addresses:

SAMHSA  
Attention: Office of Financial Advisory Services  
5600 Fishers Lane  
Rockville, MD 20857

**AND**

U.S. Department of Health and Human  
Services Office of Inspector General  
ATTN: Mandatory Grant Disclosures, Intake  
Coordinator  
330 Independence Avenue, SW, Cohen Building  
Room 5527  
Washington, DC 20201

Fax: (202) 205-0604 (Include "Mandatory Grant Disclosures" in subject line) or email:  
[MandatoryGranteeDisclosures@oig.hhs.gov](mailto:MandatoryGranteeDisclosures@oig.hhs.gov)

Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in 45 CFR 75.371 Remedies for noncompliance; including suspension or debarment (See 2 CFR parts 180 & 376 and 31 U.S.C. 3321)."

**System for Award Management (SAM) Reporting**

A term may be added to the NoA that states: "In accordance with the regulatory requirements provided at 45 CFR 75.113 and Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75, recipients that have currently active federal grants, cooperative agreements, and procurement contracts with cumulative total value greater than \$10,000,000, must report and maintain information in the System for Award Management (SAM) about civil, criminal, and administrative proceedings in connection with the award or performance of a federal award that reached final disposition within the most recent five-year period. The recipient also must make semiannual disclosures regarding such proceedings. Proceedings information will be made publicly available in the designated integrity and performance system (currently the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS)). Full reporting requirements and procedures are found in Appendix XII to 45 CFR Part 75."

**Drug-Free Workplace**

A term may be added to the NoA that states: "You as the recipient must comply with drug-free workplace requirements in Subpart B (or Subpart C, if the recipient is an individual) of part 382, which adopts the Government-wide implementation (2 CFR part 182) of section 5152-5158 of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (Pub. L. 100-690, Title V, Subtitle D; 41 U.S.C. 701-707)."

**Smoke-Free Workplace**

The Public Health Service strongly encourages all award recipients to provide a smoke-free workplace and to promote the non-use of all tobacco products. Further, Public Law (P.L.) 103-227, the Pro-Children Act of 1994, prohibits smoking in certain facilities (or in some cases, any portion of a facility) in which regular or routine education, library, day care, health care or early childhood development services are provided to children.

## **Standards for Financial Management**

Recipients are required to meet the standards and requirements for financial management systems set forth in 45 CFR part 75. The financial systems must enable the recipient to maintain records that adequately identify the sources of funds for federally assisted activities and the purposes for which the award was used, including authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, liabilities, outlays or expenditures, and any program income. The system must also enable the recipient to compare actual expenditures or outlays with the approved budget for the award.

SAMHSA funds must retain their award-specific identity – they may not be commingled with state funds or other federal funds [“Commingling funds” typically means depositing or recording funds in a general account without the ability to identify each specific source of funds for any expenditure.]

## **Trafficking in Persons**

Awards issued by SAMHSA are subject to the requirements of Section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104). For the full text of the award term, go to <http://www.samhsa.gov/grants/grants-management/notice-award-noa/standard-terms-conditions>.

NOTE: The signature of the AOR on the application serves as the required certification of compliance for your organization regarding the administrative and national policy requirements.

## **Publications**

Recipients are required to notify the Government Project Officer (GPO) and SAMHSA’s Publications Clearance Officer (240-276-2130) of any materials based on the SAMHSA-funded grant project that are accepted for publication. In addition, SAMHSA requests that recipients:

- Provide the GPO and SAMHSA Publications Clearance Officer with advance copies of publications.
- Include acknowledgment of the SAMHSA grant program as the source of funding for the project.
- Include a disclaimer stating that the views and opinions contained in the publication do not necessarily reflect those of SAMHSA or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, and should not be construed as such.

SAMHSA reserves the right to issue a press release about any publication deemed by SAMHSA to contain information of program or policy significance to the substance abuse treatment/substance abuse prevention/mental health services community.

## **Appendix J – Sample Budget and Justification (no match required)**

All applications must have a detailed budget justification and narrative that explains the federal and the non-federal expenditures broken out by the object class cost categories listed on SF-424A – Section B (Budget Category) for non-construction awards.

- The Budget Narrative must match the costs identified on the SF-424A form and the total costs on the SF-424.
- The budget narrative and justification must be consistent with and support the Project Narrative.
- The budget narrative and justification must be concrete and specific. It must provide a justification for the basis of each proposed cost in the budget and how that cost was calculated. Examples to consider when justifying the basis of your estimates can be ongoing activities, market rates, quotations received from vendors, historical records. The proposed costs must be reasonable, allowable, allocable, and necessary for the supported activity.

Refer to the program specific Funding Restrictions/Limitations and the Standard Funding Restrictions in the FOA, as well as to 45 CFR Part 75 (<https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75>), for applicable administrative requirements and cost principles.

**A SAMPLE BUDGET AND NARRATIVE JUSTIFICATION ARE PROVIDED AS WELL AS INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE SF-424A. YOU ARE STRONGLY ENCOURAGED TO USE THE SAMPLE BUDGET NARRATIVE STRUCTURE AS APPLICABLE. A SAMPLE OF A COMPLETED SF-424A IS PROVIDED AT THE END OF THIS APPENDIX.**

### **A. Personnel**

**Provide the following information for the budget narrative and justification:**

1. **Position** – Provide the title of the position and an explanation of the roles and responsibilities of the position as it relates to the objectives of the award supported project.
  - a. The position must be relevant and allowable under the project.
  - b. The salaries of facilities and administrative (F&A) administrative and clerical staff are normally treated as indirect costs (45 CFR §75.413c). Direct charging of these costs may be appropriate only if all of the following conditions are met:
    - i. administrative/clerical services are directly integral to a project or activity;
    - ii. individuals involved can be specifically identified with the project or activity; and

- iii. the costs are not also claimed as indirect costs.
2. **Name** – The name of the individual to serve in the position. If the position is vacant, identify the anticipated hire date.
    - a. If the position is being performed by someone other than a full-time, part-time, or temporary employee of the applicant organization (e.g., consultant or contractor), the grant-supported position should be listed under the contracts category.
  3. **Key Personnel** – Identify if the position is key personnel required by the FOA:
    - a. Key staff positions require prior approval by SAMHSA after review of credentials and job descriptions.
  4. **Salary/Rate** – The estimated annual salary or rate. If providing a rate, specify the time basis (e.g., hourly, weekly).
    - a. Salaries should be comparable to those within your organization.
    - b. If the position is not being charged to the Federal award, but the individual is working on the project identify the salary/rate as an “in-kind” cost.
  5. **Level of Effort (LOE)** – The level of effort (percentage of time) that the position contributes to the project.
    - a. Personnel cannot exceed 100% of their time on all active projects (including other Federal awards).
    - b. You should ensure the cost of living increase is built into the budget and justified.
  6. **Total Salary** – The total salary/amount each position is paid based on their contribution to the project.
    - a. If the position is not being charged to the Federal award, identify the cost as \$0.

The key staff positions identified in Section I-2 Expectations must be included in the Personnel section and/or the Contractual Section (F). In addition, the Project Director must be the same as the Project Director listed on the HHS Checklist.

## **FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Personnel Narrative**



<b>Position (1)</b>	<b>Name (2)</b>	<b>Key Staff (3)</b>	<b>Annual Salary/Rate (4)</b>	<b>Level of Effort (5)</b>	<b>Total Salary Charge to Award (6)</b>
(1) Project Director	Alice Doe	Yes	\$64,890	10%	\$6,489
(2) Program Coordinator	Vacant, to be hired within 60 days of anticipated award date	No	\$46,276	100%	\$46,276
(3) Clinical Director	Jane Doe	No	In-kind cost	20%	0
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST</b> (enter in Section B column 1, line 6a of SF-424A)					<b>\$52,765</b>

### **FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Justification for Personnel**

1. The Project Director will provide daily oversight of the grant. This position is responsible for overseeing the implementation of the project activities, internal and external coordination, developing materials, and conducting meetings.
2. The Program Coordinator will coordinate project service and activities, including training, communication and information dissemination.

### **B. Fringe Benefits**

Fringe benefits are allowances and services provided to employees as compensation in addition to regular salaries and wages. Fringe benefits charged to an award must comply with HHS regulations at 45 CFR §75.431 (<https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75>).

#### **Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Position** – The title of the position being charged to the award to which the fringe rate is being applied.
2. **Name** – The name of the individual associated with the position (note if the position is vacant.)
3. **Rate** – The total fringe benefit rate used and a clear description of how the computation of fringe benefits was done.
  - a. The justification must detail the elements that comprise the fringe benefits, e.g., FICA, worker’s compensation. If a fringe benefit rate is not used, you should explain how the fringe benefits were computed for each position.

4. **Total Salary Charged to Award** – Use the amount provided under section A. Personnel (6).
5. **Total Fringe Charged to Award** – Provide total fringe amount based on the rate applied to the total salary charted to the award.
  - a. Fringe benefits charged to the award can only reflect the percentage of time devoted to the project.
  - b. Do not combine the fringe benefit costs with direct salaries and wages in the personnel category.

**FEDERAL REQUEST - Sample Fringe Benefits Narrative**

Position (1)	Name (2)	Rate (3)	Total Salary Charged to Award (4)	Total Fringe Charged to Award (5)
Project Director	Alice Doe	29.65%	\$6,489	\$1,924
Program Coordinator	Vacant, to be hired within 60 days of anticipated award date.	29.65%	\$46,276	\$13,720
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST</b> (enter in Section B column 1, line 6b of SF-424A)				<b>\$15,644</b>

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Justification for Fringe Benefits**

XYZ organization’s Fringe benefits are comprised of:

Fringe Category	Rate
Retirement	10%
FICA	7.65%
Insurance	6%
Social Security	6%
Total	29.65%

The fringe benefit rate for full-time employees for years one and two is calculated at 29.65%. For years three, four, and five is anticipated to increase to 31%.

**C. Travel**

**Travel costs charged to an award must comply with HHS regulations at 45 CFR §75.474.** If your organization does not have documented travel policies, the federal GSA rates must be used (<https://www.gsa.gov/portal/category/26429>). If specific travel details are unknown, the basis for proposed costs should be explained (e.g., historical information).

Funds requested in the travel category should be only for project staff. Travel for consultants and contractors should be shown in the “Contract” cost category along with consultant/contractor fees. Because these costs are associated with contract-related work, they must be billed under the “Contract” cost category. Travel for training participants, advisory committees, and review panels should be itemized the same way as in this section but listed in the “Other” cost category.

**Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Purpose** – Briefly note the purpose of the travel, e.g., regional conference, training, site visit.
  - a. The justification must identify the need for the travel if the travel is not specifically required by the FOA.
  - b. The narrative description should include the purpose, why it is necessary and directly relates to the scope of work, number of trips planned, staff that will be making the trip, and approximate dates.
2. **Location** – specify the start and end locations of the trip
3. **Item** – specify the costs associated with travel, e.g., mode of transportation accommodations, per diem.
4. **Rate Calculation** – specify the basis for the travel costs.
  - a. For mileage, specify the number of miles and the cost per mile. For air transportation, specify the cost. For per diem, specify the number of days and daily cost. For lodging, specify the number of nights and daily cost.
  - b. Costs for contingencies and miscellaneous costs are not allowable.
5. **Travel Cost Charged to Award** – provide the total cost of the travel to be charged to the award during the budget period.

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Travel Narrative**

Purpose (1)	Destination (2)	Item (3)	Calculation (4)	Travel Cost Charged to the Award (5)
Mandatory Recipient Conference	Chicago, IL to Washington D.C.	Airfare	\$200/flight x 2	\$400
		Hotel	\$180/night x 2 persons x 2 nights	\$720
		Per Diem (meals and incidentals)	\$46/day x 2 persons x 2 days	\$184
Local Travel		Mileage	3,000 miles @ .38/mile	\$1,140

FEDERAL REQUEST - (enter in Section B column 1, line 6c of SF-424A)	\$2,444
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**FEDERAL REQUEST: Sample Justification for Travel**

1. Two staff (Project Director and Evaluator) to attend mandatory recipient meeting in Washington, D.C.
2. Local travel is needed to attend local meetings, project activities, and training events. Local travel rate is based on organization’s policies/procedures for privately owned vehicle reimbursement rate.

**D. Equipment**

Equipment is a single item of tangible, nonexpendable, personal property that has a useful life of more than one year and a value of \$5,000 or more (or a cost capitalization threshold established by the applicant organization that is less). For example, an applicant may classify equipment at \$1,500 with a useful life of a year.

**Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Item(s)** – Describe the equipment item(s) being purchased. The justification must relate the use of each item to the scope of work and implementation of specific program objectives.
2. **Quantity** – Identify the number of items to be purchased.
3. **Amount** – The total cost of purchase or lease the equipment.
  - a. The justification should include the basis of how costs were estimated, e.g., fair market value, cost quotes.
  - b. The justification should include a lease versus purchase analysis, or a statement addressing if it is feasible and/or cost effective to lease versus purchase.
4. **Percentage Charged to the Award** – The percentage of equipment’s value to be charged to the award
5. **Total Charged to the Award** – The total cost of the equipment to that will be charged to the award.

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Equipment Narrative**

Item(s) (1)	Quantity (2)	Amount (3)	% Charged to the Award (4)	Total Cost Charged to the Award (5)
FEDERAL REQUEST – (enter in Section B column 1, line 6d of SF-424A)				\$0

## E. Supplies

Supplies are items costing less than \$5,000 per unit (federal definition), often having one-time use.

### Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:

1. **Items** – list supplies by type, e.g., office supplies, postage, laptop computers.
  - a. The justification must include an explanation of the type of supplies to be purchased and how it relates back to meeting the project objectives.
2. **Calculation** – describe the basis for the cost, specifically the unit cost of each item, number needed and total amount.
3. **Supply Cost Charged to the Award** – provide the total cost of the supply items to be charged to the award during the budget period.

### FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Supplies Narrative

Item(s)	Rate	Cost
General office supplies	\$50/mo. x 12 mo.	\$600
Postage	\$37/mo. x 8 mo.	\$296
Laptop Computer	1 x \$900	\$900
Printer	1 x \$300	\$300
Projector	1 x \$900	\$900
Copies	8000 copies x .10/copy	\$800
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST – (enter in Section B column 1, line 6e of SF-424A)</b>		<b>\$3,796</b>

### FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Justification for Supplies

1. Office supplies, copies and postage are needed for general operation of the project.
2. The laptop computer and printer are needed for both project work and presentations for Project Director.
3. The projector is needed for presentations and workshops. All costs were based on retail values at the time the application was written.

## F. Contract

List the budgets for each sub-award, contract, consultant, or consortium agreement. Please note the differences between sub-awards, contracts, consultants, and consortium agreements:

- **Sub-recipient** means a non-Federal entity that receives a sub-award from a pass-through entity to carry out part of a Federal award, including a portion of the scope of work or objectives. Grant recipients are responsible for ensuring that all sub-recipients comply with the terms and conditions of the award, per 45 CFR §75.101.
- **Contracts** are a legal instrument by which the grant recipient purchases good and services needed to carry out the project or program under a Federal award. Contracts include vendors (dealer, distributor or other sellers) that provide, for example, supplies, expendable materials, or data processing services in support of the project activities. The grant recipient must have established written procurement policies and procedures that are consistently applied. All procurement transactions shall be conducted in a manner to provide to the maximum extent practical, open and free competition. Per 45 CFR §75.2, when the substance of a contract meets the definition of sub-award, it must be treated as a sub-award.
- **Consortium Agreements** are between entities (which may or may not include the grant recipient) working collaboratively on an award supported project. They address the roles, responsibilities, implementation, and rights and responsibilities between entities collaborating on an award.
- **Consultants** are individuals retained to provide professional advice or services for a fee. Travel for consultants and contractors should be shown in this category along with consultant/contractor fees.

**Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Name** – Provide the name of the entity and identify if it is a sub-recipient, contractor, or consultant.
2. **Service** – Identify the products or services to be obtained.
  - a. As part of the justification provide a summary of the scope of work, the specific tasks to be performed, the necessity of the task for each sub-award or contract as it relates to the Project Narrative. Include the dates/length for the performance period. NOTE: costs that are outside the period of performance of the award cannot be charged to the award.
3. **Rate** – provide an itemized line item breakdown.
  - a. If applicable, include any indirect costs paid under a sub-award and the indirect cost rate used. Do not incorporate sub-recipient, contract, or consultant indirect costs under the indirect costs line item for the grantee/recipient on the SF-424A and Section J of the budget narrative/justification.
4. **Contract Costs Charged to the Award** – Provide the total of the sub-recipient, consultant, or contract costs to be charged to the award during the budget period.

**COSTS FOR CONTRACTS MUST BE BROKEN DOWN IN DETAIL AND A NARRATIVE JUSTIFICATION PROVIDED. IF APPLICABLE, NUMBERS OF CLIENTS SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE COSTS.**

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Contracts Narrative**

Name (1)	Service (2)	Rate (3)	Other	Cost (4)
(1) State Department of Human Services	Training	\$250/individual x 3 staff	5 days	\$ 750
(2) Treatment Services	1040 Clients	\$27/client per year		\$28,080
(3) John Smith (Case Manager)	Treatment Client Services	1FTE @ \$27,000 + Fringe Benefits of \$6,750 = \$33,750	*Travel at 3,126 @ .50 per mile = \$1,563 *Training course \$175 *Supplies @ \$47.54 x 12 months or \$570 *Telephone @ \$60 x 12 months = \$720 *Indirect costs = \$9,390 (negotiated with contractor)	\$46,168
(4) Jane Smith	Evaluator	\$40 per hour x 225 hours	12 month period	\$9,000
(5) To Be Announced	Marketing Coordinator	Annual salary of \$30,000 x 10% level of effort		\$3,000
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST – (enter in Section B column 1, line 6f of-424A)</b>				<b>\$86,998</b>

**\*Represents separate/distinct requested funds by cost category**

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Justification for Contracts**

1. Certified trainers are necessary to carry out the purpose of the statewide Consumer Network by providing recovery and wellness training, preparing consumer leaders statewide, and educating the public on mental health recovery.
2. Client treatment services to be provided are based on organizational history of expenses.
3. The Case Manager is vital to providing client services related to the program and leading to successful outcomes.
4. The Evaluator is an experienced individual (Ph.D. level) with expertise in substance abuse, research and evaluation, is knowledgeable about the population of focus, and will be responsible for all data collection and reporting.
5. The Marketing Coordinator will develop a plan for public education and outreach efforts to engage clients in the community about recipient activities; and provide presentations at public meetings and community events to stakeholders, community civic organizations, churches, agencies, family groups and schools.

## **G. Construction**

**Construction or major alternation and renovation are not authorized under this program. Leave this section blank on line 6g of the SF-424A.** Such activities are allowable only when program legislation includes specific authority for construction. If requesting consideration of minor alteration and renovation, provide those costs under the “Other” cost category (line 6h of the SF-424A and Section H of the budget narrative/justification).

## **H. Other**

This category addresses any costs not included in of the other cost categories. Costs that fall under “Other” would include:

- Minor alteration and renovation (Minor A & R)
  - Minor A & R is defined as work that changes the interior arrangement or other physical characteristics of an existing facility or installed equipment so that it can be used more effectively for its currently designed purpose or adapted to an alternative use to meet a programmatic requirement. Alteration and renovation may include work referred to as improvements, conversion, rehabilitation, or remodeling, but is distinguished from new facility construction, facility expansion, or major alterations and renovation where the total Federal and non-Federal costs, excluding moveable equipment (equipment that is not permanently affixed), exceeds \$500,000.
  - No more than \$75,000 in Federal funds over the total period of performance may be used to support minor A&R activities, and such requested must be submitted to the GMS for formal prior approval. SAMHSA grant funds cannot be used to support the construction, expansion or major alternation and renovation of facilities. If the proposed project is part of a larger overall project that exceeds



\$500,000, it may not be artificially segmented to achieve the cost threshold.

- Rent
- Client incentives
- Telephone
- Travel for training participants, advisory committees, and review panels
- Training activities (except costs for consultant and/or contractual).

**Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Item** – List items by type of material or nature of expense. In the justification, explain the necessity of each cost for successful implementation and completion of the project.
2. **Rate** – Break down costs by quantity and cost per unit as applicable.  
**NOTE:** Rent costs must be submitted with the following information:
  - The individual cost items that make up the total cost of the building
  - The methodology used to allocate the costs to the programs or activities operating in the building
  - Rent Questions Worksheet  
<https://www.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/rentquestionsworksheet.docx>
  - Supporting documentation
3. **Costs Charged to the Award** – provide the costs charged to the award.

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Narrative for “Other”**

Item	Rate	Cost
(1) Rent*	\$15/sq. ft. x 700 sq. feet	\$10,500
(2) Telephone	\$100/mo. x 12 mo.	\$1,200
(3) Client Incentives	\$10/client follow-up x 278 clients	\$2,780
(4) Brochures	.89/brochure X 1500 brochures	\$1,335
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST (enter in Section B column 1, line 6h of SF-424A)</b>		<b>\$15,815</b>

**FEDERAL REQUEST – Sample Justification for Other**

1. Costs related to office space are typically included in the indirect cost rate agreement. However, if other rental costs for service site(s) are necessary for the project, they may be requested as a direct charge. The rent is calculated by square footage or FTE and reflects SAMHSA’s fair share of the space.

**\*If rent is requested (direct or indirect), provide the name of the owner(s) of the space/facility. If anyone related to the project owns the building which is less than an “arms’ length arrangement”, provide the cost of ownership/use allowance calculations. Additionally, the lease and floor plan (including common areas) are required for all projects allocating rent costs.**

2. The monthly telephone costs reflect the percent of effort for the personnel listed in this application for the SAMHSA project only.
3. The \$10 incentive is needed to meet program goals in order to encourage attendance and follow-up with 278 clients  
Brochures will be used at various community functions, such as health fairs and exhibits.

**I. Total Direct Charges**

<b>FEDERAL REQUEST – TOTAL DIRECT CHARGES - Section B column 1, line 6i of SF-424A</b> (The Total Direct Charges will sum automatically on the form)	<b>\$177,462</b>
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**J. Indirect Cost Rate**

Indirect costs are those costs incurred for common or joint objectives which cannot be readily identified with an individual project or program but are necessary to the operations of the organization. Indirect costs may be charged to the award if:

- The applicant has a Federally approved indirect cost rate
- The applicant has never received a negotiated indirect cost rate and elects to charge a de minimis rate of 10 percent of modified total direct costs (MTDC) which can be used indefinitely for all awards until an indirect cost rate is approved. If the de minimis rate is proposed the applicant must clearly state in their justification that they have never received a negotiated IDC rate and are electing to charge a de minimis rate of 10% of modified total direct costs (MTDC).

The MTDC indirect cost rate may be applied to:

- All direct salaries and wages charged to the award;
- Applicable fringe benefits;
- Materials and supplies;
- Services;
- Travel; and
- Sub-contracts (first \$425,000 of each sub-contract)

The MTDC excludes equipment, capital expenditures, charges for patient care, rental costs, tuition reimbursement, scholarships and fellowships, participant support costs, and the portion of each sub-award in excess of \$25,000.

- If the FOA is for a training grant or cooperative agreement, the indirect cost rate is limited to **8 percent**. Please refer to 45 CFR §75.414 at [https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75#se45.1.75\\_12](https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?node=pt45.1.75#se45.1.75_12), for more information about indirect costs and facilities and administrative costs.

**Provide the following information for the narrative and justification:**

1. **Calculation** – Briefly summarize type of indirect cost rate.
  - a. Attach a copy of the current fully executed, negotiated agreement indirect cost rate agreement. The applicable indirect cost rate(s) negotiated by the organization with the cognizant negotiating agency must be used in computing indirect costs (F&A) for a proposal (2 CFR §200.414). The amount for indirect costs should be calculated by applying the current negotiated indirect cost rate(s) to the approved base(s).
2. **Indirect Cost Charged to the Award** – list the total indirect costs that will be charged to the award. Costs must be calculated using the correct indirect cost base award (the categories of costs to which the indirect cost rate is applied).

Calculation (1)	Indirect Cost Charged to the Award (2)
Organization's Indirect Cost Rate of 10% (10% of personnel and fringe - .10 x \$68,409)	\$6,841
<b>FEDERAL REQUEST – (enter in Section B column 1, line 6j of-SF-424A)</b>	<b>\$6,841</b>

<b>FEDERAL REQUEST – TOTALS (6k) will sum automatically on the SF-424A</b>
<p><b>ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS ON COMPLETING THE SF- 424A</b></p> <p>In <b>Section A</b>, Use the first row only (Line 1) to report the total federal (e) funds and non-federal (f) funds requested for the <b>first year</b> of your project only.</p> <p>In <b>Section B</b>, Use the first column only (Column 1) to report the budget category breakouts (Lines 6a through 6h) and indirect charges (Line 6j) for the total funding requested for the <b>first year</b> of your project only. This total amount in 6k should be the same as the Total Federal Request for Year 1 entered on Line 1, Column (e) of Section A.</p> <p>In <b>Section C</b>, if applicable, enter the funding/resources that your organization will contribute (Applicant) as well as support you expect to receive from the State or other sources. Other support is defined as funds or resources, whether federal, non-federal or institutional, in direct support of activities through fellowships, gifts, prizes, in-kind contributions or non-federal means. [See <a href="#">Appendix H</a> – Standard Funding Restrictions for information on allowable costs.]</p>

In **Section D** Line 13, the funds needed for each quarter should be entered. The amount entered in "Total for First Year" should be the same as the amount entered in Column 1, Line 6k in Section B. Enter the amount for each quarter. The total in column 1 will sum automatically. Use the first row for federal funds and the second row for non-federal funds.

In **Section E**, the funds being requested for Years 2, 3, 4, and 5 should be entered. For example, Year 2 will be entered in column (b), Year 3 in column (c), etc.

A sample of a completed SF-424A is included at the end of this appendix.

**Provide the total proposed project period and federal funding as follows:**

**Proposed Project Period**

- a. Start Date: 09/30/2018                      b. End Date: 09/29/2023

**BUDGET SUMMARY** (should include future years and projected total)

<b>Category</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2*</b>	<b>Year 3*</b>	<b>Year 4*</b>	<b>Year 5*</b>	<b>Total Project Costs</b>
Personnel	\$52,765	\$54,348	\$55,978	\$57,658	\$59,387	\$280,136
Fringe	\$15,644	\$16,114	\$17,353	\$17,873	\$18,409	\$85,393
Travel	\$2,444	\$1,140	\$2,444	\$1,140	\$1,375	\$8,543
Equipment	0	0	0	0	0	0
Supplies	\$3,796	\$3,796	\$3,796	\$3,796	\$3,796	\$18,980
Contractual	\$86,998	\$86,998	\$86,998	\$86,998	\$86,998	\$434,990
Other	\$15,815	\$13,752	\$11,629	\$9,440	\$7,187	\$57,823
<b>Total Direct Charges</b>	<b>\$177,462</b>	<b>\$176,148</b>	<b>\$178,198</b>	<b>\$176,905</b>	<b>\$177,152</b>	<b>\$885,865</b>
Indirect Charges	\$6,841	\$7,046	\$7,333	\$7,553	\$7,780	\$36,553
<b>Total Project Costs</b>	<b>\$184,303</b>	<b>\$183,194</b>	<b>\$185,531</b>	<b>\$184,458</b>	<b>\$184,932</b>	<b>\$922,418</b>

**\*FOR REQUESTED FUTURE YEARS:**

1. Justify and explain any changes to the budget that differ from the amounts reported in the Year 1 Budget Summary.
2. If a cost of living adjustment (COLA) is included in future years, provide your organization's personnel policy and procedures which states that all employees within the organization will receive a COLA.

In Section IV-3 of the FOA, any funding limitations or restrictions for the project will be specified. If there are limitations, include a narrative and separate budget for each year of the grant that shows the percent of the total grant award that will be used in the area where there is a limitation. For example, most FOAs include funding limitations for data collection and performance assessment. A sample budget for this area is shown below.

<b>Data Collection &amp; Performance Measurement</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Total Data Collection &amp; Performance Measurement Costs</b>
Personnel	\$6,700	\$6,700	\$6,700	\$6,700	\$6,700	\$33,500
Fringe	\$2,400	\$2,400	\$2,400	\$2,400	\$2,400	\$12,000
Travel	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$100	\$500
Equipment	0	0	0	0	0	0
Supplies	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$3,750
Contractual	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$24,000	\$120,000
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total Direct Charges</b>	<b>\$33,950</b>	<b>\$33,950</b>	<b>\$33,950</b>	<b>\$33,950</b>	<b>\$33,950</b>	<b>\$169,750</b>
Indirect Charges	\$910	\$910	\$910	\$910	\$910	\$4,550

<b>Data Collection &amp; Performance Measurement</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Total Data Collection &amp; Performance Measurement Costs</b>
<b>Total Data Collection &amp; Performance Measurement Charges</b>	<b>\$34,860</b>	<b>\$34,860</b>	<b>\$34,860</b>	<b>\$34,860</b>	<b>\$34,860</b>	<b>\$174,300</b>

The percentage of the budget that will be spent on data collection and performance measurement does not exceed 20% for any budget period. Maximum percentage for any budget period is 18.9% (\$34,860/\$184,303 – Year 1).

A sample budget for funding limitations related to infrastructure development is shown below.

<b>Infrastructure Development</b>	<b>Year 1</b>	<b>Year 2</b>	<b>Year 3</b>	<b>Year 4</b>	<b>Year 5</b>	<b>Total Infrastructure Costs</b>
Personnel	\$2,250	\$2,250	\$2,250	\$2,250	\$2,250	\$11,250
Fringe	\$558	\$558	\$558	\$558	\$558	\$2,790
Travel	0	0	0	0	0	0
Equipment	\$15,000	0	0	0	0	\$15,000
Supplies	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$1,575	\$7,875
Contractual	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$25,000
Other	\$1,617	\$2,375	\$2,375	\$2,375	\$2,375	\$11,117
<b>Total Direct Charges</b>	<b>\$26,000</b>	<b>\$11,758</b>	<b>\$11,758</b>	<b>\$11,758</b>	<b>\$11,758</b>	<b>\$73,032</b>
Indirect Charges	\$280	\$280	\$280	\$280	\$280	\$1,400

Infrastructure Development	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Total Infrastructure Costs
Total Infrastructure Costs	\$26,280	\$12,038	\$12,038	\$12,038	\$12,038	\$74,432

The maximum percentage of the budget that will be spent on infrastructure development for any budget period is 14.2% (\$26,280/\$184,303 – Year 1).

## SAMPLE OF COMPLETED SF-424A

### SECTION A – BUDGET SUMMARY

Grant Program Function or Activity  (a)	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number  (b)	Estimated Unobligated Funds		New or Revised Budget		
		Federal  (c)	Non-Federal  (d)	Federal  (e)	Non-Federal  (f)	Total  (g)
1. Title of FOA	93.243			\$184,303		\$184,303
2.						
3.						
4.						
5. Totals				\$184,303		\$184,303

Standard Form 424A

**SECTION B – BUDGET CATEGORIES**

6. Object Class Categories	GRANT PROGRAM FUNCTION OR ACTIVITY				Total (5)
	(1) Title of FOA	(2)	(3)	(4)	
a. Personnel	\$52,765				\$52,765
b. Fringe Benefits	\$15,644				\$15,644
c. Travel	\$2,444				\$2,444
d. Equipment	\$0				\$0
e. Supplies	\$3,796				\$3,796
f. Contractual	\$86,998				\$86,998
g. Construction	\$0				\$0
h. Other	\$15,815				\$15,815
i. Total Direct Charges (sum 6a-6h)	\$177,462				\$177,462
j. Indirect Charges	\$6,841				\$5,6,841
k. TOTALS (sum of 6i and 6j)	\$184,303				\$184,303
7. Program Income					

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SECTION C – NON-FEDERAL RESOURCES				
(a) Grant Program	(b) Applicant	(c) State	(d) Other Sources	(e) TOTALS
8. Title of FOA				



9.					
10.					
11.					
12. TOTAL (sum of lines 8-11)		\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>SECTION D – FORECASTED CASH NEEDS</b>					
13. Federal	Totals for 1 <sup>st</sup> Year	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	2 <sup>nd</sup> Quarter	3 <sup>rd</sup> Quarter	4 <sup>th</sup> Quarter
	\$184,303	\$46,075	\$46,076	\$46,076	\$46,076
14. Non-Federal					
15. TOTAL (sum of lines 13 and 14)	\$184,303	\$46,075	\$46,076	\$46,076	\$46,076
<b>SECTION E – BUDGET ESTIMATES OF FEDERAL FUNDS NEEDED FOR BALANCE OF THE PROJECT</b>					
(a) Grant Program		<b>FUTURE FUNDING PERIODS</b>			
		(b) First	(c) Second	(d) Third	(e) Fourth
16. Title of FOA		\$184,498	\$185,531	\$185,762	\$186,001
17.					
18.					
19.					
20. TOTAL (Sum of lines 16-19)		\$184,194	\$185,531	\$184,458	\$184,932
<b>SECTION F – OTHER BUDGET INFORMATION</b>					
21. Direct Charges:			22. Indirect Charges:		
23. Remarks:					